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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

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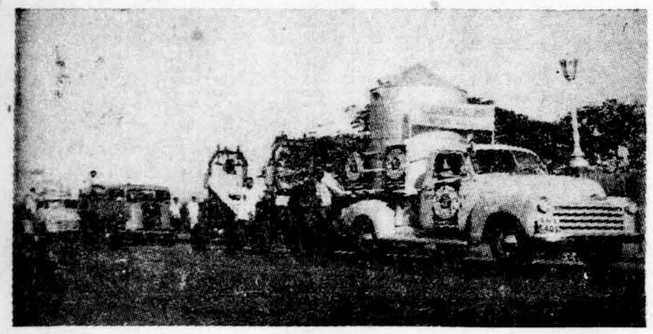

Broadcasting talks on general health from mobile vans by the Health Propaganda section was one of the programmes of the "Cleaner Bombay Week." Picture shows garbage vans moving through Bombay's streets, demonstrating the methods of keeping the city clean.

Tibet Has No News Of Invasion!

OFFICIALS SHOCKED

Delhi Awaits Report From Peking

KALIMPONG, October 26 (PTI).

THE TIBETAN GOVERNMENT HAVE SO FAR RECEIVED NO INFORMATION FROM EASTERN BORDERS ABOUT MOVEMENT OF CHINESE TROOPS INTO TIBETAN TERRITORY, A TIBETAN GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN SAID HERE TODAY.

"Tibet's borders" the spokesman added, "are covered by a network of wireless stations and Lhasa would have known if there had been any Chinese troop movement towards Tibet. We would be the first to tell the world if invasion of Tibet had taken place, for, it concerns our territorial integrity. Besides, a telegram which I have received from Lhasa clearly indi cates that there has been no trouble or border incidents in Tibet."

The spokesman said news from wireless stations would normally reach Lhasa within three to five days and from Lhasa to Kalimpong in four to five days. He added it would take at least a week before "we can get news in Kalimpong".

Telegraph authorities here said the communications system between Kalimpong and Lhasa via Gyantse functioned "as usual."

SHOCK FOR OFFICAL

Another high unofficial Tibetan source could hardly find any words to express his surprise and shock when told of Peking's official confirmation of Chinese invasion of Tibet.

The source said: "It cannot be possible. This news comes just when the Tibetan delegation is leaving for Peking for negotiations with the Chinese Government. If the Tibetan delegation had, after, talks in Peking, been unable to reach a settlement, then we could have understood China taking military action".

This source added: "Whether there is agreement or not, Chinese forces cannot enter Tibet without skirmishes and clashes in the border areas, though they may not have much effect on inner Tibet. Clashes, if any, between Tibetan forces and Chinese troops would be mainly in Eastern Tibet and Changthang, bordering Sinkiang."

The same source said movement of Chinese troops might take place in three directions—from Sinkiang into Tyot in Changthang which is about 500 miles northwest of Lhasa, from Jyekundo in Tsinghai and Nakchukha in Northwest Tibet.

EASIEST ROUTE

Of the three routes leading to Lhasa, the easiest would be, the one from Nakchukha since the terrain was plain and without any natural barriers such as mountains or blizzards. The distance of this route was about 500 miles.

In reply to a question, he said, "The Tibetan Peoples' Army (organised by the free Tibetan Government which has its headquarters at Kumbum, the seat of incarnate Lama claimed by his followers as Panchen Lama of Tibet) cannot enter inner Tibet without help or advice of the Chinese Army.

Tibetan forces are stationed in the southeastern fortress of Chamdo, which overlooks Riwoche on the River Dechu, from where Chinese forces can take route to Lhasa. This route, however, is difficult to negotiate due to the mountainous terrain and heavy snowfall. Besides, there would be resistance from the Chamdo fortress which is garrisoned by forces of about a division strength under the command of a Tibetan Cabinet Minister.

A leading Indian businessman having close connections with Lhasa, said, an immediate indication of any "trouble in Tibet" would be depreciation of the Sang (Tibetan currency). He said the Sang actually appreciated in recent days to 3.5 Sang to a rupee.

He said orders might have been given to Chinese troops to march into Tibet, but the invasion might not have taken place. News of such developments would take some time to reach Kalimpong, because, he thought, the Tibetan Government would not like to spread panic.

It would also give time, to "nobles and richer gentry to make a gateaway to India, while the going is good".

The Kalimpong wool market remained steady at Rs. 235 to 240.

TWO MOTIVES

Well-informed political observers said China's latest move could be interpreted as having two motives—firstly China desired quick agreement with Tibet providing for Chinese suzerainty over Tibet and grant of internal autonomy to the land of the Lamas; and secondly to move in troops and indicate to the world that China had assumed full responsibility for Tibet's external affairs and defence.

BLACKED OUT IN CHINA!

PEKING: Peking's Government-controlled Chinese language press again blacked out today news of Chinese military operations in Tibet, cables M. Sivaram, PTI staff correspondent.

None of the four Chinese dailies here carried any news about Tibet. The top story in the "People's Daily" principal organ of the Chinese Government, was M. Jacob Malik's interview with the American Women's Peace Committee.

There has been no further official announcement regarding military operations in Tibet until noon today.

Sources close to the Chinese Government blamed Tibetans for the Chinese Government's resort to military action for "liberation" of Tibet.

These sources said the Chinese Government had given the Tibetan delegation ample time to come to Peking for discussions, but the Tibetans had failed to take advantage of the offer.

The last date, the Chinese Government had set for the arrival of the Tibetan delegation here, it was stated, was mid-September.

Truman Ready To "Embrace" Mao Tse-Tung

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26. (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Harold Stassen, a candidate for the Republican Presidential nomination in 1948, in a broadcast here said that President Truman "upon the advice of the State Department is getting ready to embrace the Chinese Communist dictator Mao Tse-Tung".

Mr. Stassen said he believed the American Government planned after, the congressional elections in November, "quietly to encourage and raise no serious objection to the voting of a permanent veto seat to the Communist Chinese Government in the United Nations".

Point-Four Aid To India

TALKS IN DELHI SOON

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Oct. 26.

Indo-U. S. negotiations on Point-Four Aid to India are expected to commence here next week, it is learned. In response to the American Government's intimation, the Government of India have formulated their technical aid requirements. They will be discussed by a representative of the U. S. Embassy at New Delhi with representatives of the Government of India. The agreed programme will then be submitted by the American Embassy to its own State Department at Washington for further action.

A Black Record

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 26 (PTI): Babu Purshottamdas Tandon, Congress President called upon railwaymen here today to raise their morale and purify the "filthy atmosphere" of the Department by boycotting those coworkers of theirs who indulged in anti-social activities.

Mr. Tandon said that unfortunately the Railway Department of the country was "notorious for corruption and bribery." "I know from my personal experience that an appreciable number of ticket collectors and goods clerks serving in railways are mischievous. They mercilessly squeezed money out of the poor people to increase their personal incomes by three or four times."

NO MORE HOUSES OF AMUSEMENT

U.S. Decision In Defence Interests

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26 (PTI-Reuter): America clamped down today on pleasure—in the interests of defence.

The Government's National Production Autority banned from midnight the building of any new structure for "amusement, recreational or entertainment purposes."

Cloth Association's Apology

(From Our Correspondent)

CHAKRADHARPUR, Oct. 26: When the Chakradharpur Cloth and Yarn Association in a resolution threatened the Government that if regulations were not modified and sudden arrests and raids on cloth dealers stopped they would be compelled to surrender licences, they never thought they would have to eat humble pie. But they did. The authorities took a very serious view of the threat and the association had to tender a written apology for their ill-planned action.

NO NEWS YET IN DELHI

NEW DELHI: The attitude of the Government of India towards the reported developments in Tibet will not be formulated unless their confirmation or elucidation is received from the Indian representative in Peking, a spokesman of the External Affairs Ministry said this evening.

The spokesman added that the Government of India had not so far received any news of the reported invasion either from Peking or Lhasa.

The Chinese Embassy in Delhi also had no information on the subject.

ATOM SCIENTIST

The mystery of Harwell scientist, Prof. Bruno Pontecorvo still remains unsolved. This photograph of the atom researcher was taken during one of his recent visits to Italy.

Central Legislation For Shop Workers

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Oct. 26.

The Standing Labour Committee at its forthcoming meeting will discuss a memorandum on Central Legislation for Workers in Shops and Commercial Undertakings.

Seven States have so far enacted shops and commercial establishments acts. They are: Assam, Bombay, West Bengal, the Punjab, Madhya Pradesh, Uttar Pradesh and Madras.

The question of having a Central Act to ensure uniformity in all States was considered at the meeting of the Standing Labour Committee held in July 1946. No agreement, however, could be reached.

The proposed legislation may, in the first instance, apply to all municipal areas and to persons employed in: (1) Commercial or trading establishments, (2) establishments and administrative services in which persons employed are mainly engaged in office work, (3) hotels, restaurants, boarding or eating houses, cafes and other refreshment houses, theatres or other places of public amusement and (4) such other establishments as may be declared by the State Governments from time to time, by notification in official gazette. It is not proposed to aply the legislation to Government offices.

Power To Landlords To Evict Tenants

NEW BILL TO PROMOTE CONSTRUCTION MOVED

POONA, Oct. 26 (PTI).

HOPES that building activity in Bombay would be encouraged with facilities proposed to be given to landlords under the bill to amend the Bombay Rent Control Act were expressed by Dr. Jivraj Mehta, Minister for Public Works, moving the bill in the State Assembly today.

The bill as it is expected to finally emerge after incorporating certain amendments proposed by Government would make it possible for landlords having buildings with one ground floor and one upper floor to recover vacant possession of their premises from the tenants for the purpose of demolishing them and erecting in their place larger tenements. The bill lays down that the landlords should build in place of the demolished structure three times the number of tenements and floor area.

NECESSARY PROVISION

Dr. Mehta said the provision was necessary in order to encourage construction of buildings and make larger accommodation available to the needy. Quite a larger number of buildings in Bombay, he said, had become old and were in a dilapidated condition. No new buildings could be raised as it was not possible under the old Act to make the tenants vacate the premises.

The Minister said Government realised that tenants would be put to inconvenience by being made to give up their residences. To restrict the inconvenience to the minimum, Government had agreed that only certain types of buildings could be demolished.

It was also proposed, Dr. Mehta said, to give the right to old tenants to occupy the newly constructed tenements provided they agreed to pay the standard rent for the new tenement.

The Minister's hopes were, however, not shared by opposition members, Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas (Socialist) said the bill would help to "swell" the number of footpath sleepers, while Mr. S. L. Karandikar said it was merely tinkering with the problem of housing shortage.

RIOT TAX

Mr. Tricumdas at the outset raised a point of order against a provision in the bill enabling recovery of riot tax from tenants. He said the Indian Constitution did not empower the State Government to levy such a tax which was neither on property or a capitation tax. It also violated Article 20 of the Constitution which laid down that no penalty could be imposed upon a ctizen without his having committed an offence.

The Deputy Speaker, Mr. S. N. Angadi, ruled the point out of order on the ground that it was a tax on property inasmuch as the tenants were made to pay it for the rent they paid for remaining on the property.

15 INJURED IN ROOF COLLAPSE

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 26.

Over a dozen workers including three women were reported to have received serious injuries when the unfinished roof on a new stadium under construction suddenly collapsed. Of the 14 persons who were trapped following the collapse of the roof seven managed to extricate from the debris while the remaining seven were trapped for about 15 minutes and were rescued by coolies. They were then taken to hospital for medical treatment.

Armed Dacoity In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, October 26 (PTI).

Five men, armed with revolvers, raided last night a straw-merchant's shop in North Calcutta and made away the cash box containing Rs 500. This is the third armed dacoity committed in Calcutta this week.

Gin And Ganga Water!

KANPUR, Oct. 26. (UPI): The attempts on the part of two persons, who are alleged to have tried to outwit the police and carry on their business in illicit liquor were foiled when they were arrested by the Kotwali police.

Selling gin by the name of Ganga water, it is stated, these persons carried with them both Ganga water and gin and sold the same according to the demands of consumers. Their trick was, however, exposed when they passed on gin instead of Ganga water to a customer who reported the matter to the police and they were consequently arrested.

As a result of search, they were found in possession of 4 chhts of ganja and about half a dozen bottles containing ganga water.

SARDAR CANCELS GUJERAT TOUR

Visit Only To Ahmedabad

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 26 (PTI).

Sardar Patel has cancelled his tour of Gujerat confining his visit to Ahmedabad only, Mr. Kaniyalal Desai President, Gujerat Congress Committee stated today.

Mr. Desai has appealed to the people of Ahmedabad not to strain Sardar Patel during his five-day visit to the city.

The purse to be presented to Sardar Patel on his 75th birthday is likely to total about Rs. 15 lakhs.

U.P. Precautions

LUCKNOW, October 26 (PTI).

Security measures along the 250-mile long Tibetan border near Almora District in Uttar Pradesh are likely to be strengthened, it is learnt

Viet-Minh Massing For Two-Pronged Attack

FRENCH QUIT ANOTHER TOWN

SAIGON, Oct. 26 (PTI-Reuter).

WITHIN hours of the reported fall of Banphiet near the western bastion of Laokay, Vietminh forces were tonight reported to be massing for simultaneous attack at both ends of the French line in Indo-China.

A French communique reported important enemy movements along sections of the border road captured in the north and east.

It was increased pressure which forced the French to evacuate Banphiet, only three miles north-east of Laokay. French military observers interpreted these movements to mean preparations for a south-eastwards advance and new large scale attacks on French strongpoints in the north-eastern and central sectors of the Tonkin Delta perimeter.

French headquarters announced earlier today that Vietminh pressure was continuing to be exerted against Laokay, isolated farthest west outpost of the French defence system.

This followed yesterday's announcement that civilians were voluntarily leaving Laokay and that French forces had evacuated Moong Khuoung, 25 miles northwest of Laokay.

NEW POSITIONS

New French positions have been established at the confluence of the Red River and its tributary Nawsi, it was reported here tonight.

French artillery and fighter bombers have been bombarding Vietminh forces in the area.

An army spokesman said there had been patrol clashes in the western battle area today where the insurgents were reported to be building rafts 18 miles down the Red River from Laokay.

Vietminh elements have continued to probe the new French-Tonkin Delta line between Dinhalp and Pho Lang Thuong, north of the delta capital of Hanoi.

Two villages were unsuccessfully attacked and French forces mopped up or scattered Vietminh patrols.

Forty miles south-east of Hanoi Vietminh forces penetrated the delta's southern periphery at the village of Chidien, which was attacked without serious results.

Vietminh mines, grenades and shells were captured by the French in a sweep after some fighting in the southern delta sector near Thaidinh.

STAY-IN STRIKE

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Five hundred workers of the Tata Mills at Parel went on a stay-in strike tonight as a protest against allotment of extra work to them, it was reported late tonight.

The millhands resented extra work being given to them without adequate compensation, it was stated.

The strike was peaceful. No arrests have been made.

Child Taken Away By Hyena

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 28.

Reports are received here that a man-eating hyena has taken away a two-and-half year old child in Dulhapur village. Gun licencees have decided to comb all the area around the village and put an end to the menace. At the same time several reports of attack by the hyenas are also received from various villages.

ADDITIONS: Six new aircraft carriers will join the British fleet between now and 1954, Mr. James Callaghan, Parliamentary Secretary to the Admiralty told Parliament on Wednesday.

KING OPENS THE NEW HOUSE OF COMMONS

LONDON, Oct. 26 (PTI-Reuter).

KING GEORGE VI drove in colourful pagentary today through cheering crowds to open Parliament's new House of Commons Chamber replacing the one shattered by German bombs in 1941.

But because tradition forbids a monarch to enter the Commons chamber, he performed the ceremony in the 900-year-old adjacent Westminster Hall where his predecessor Charles 1 was condemned to the axe.

It was a great Commonwealth occasion, with leading officials from 28 Legislatures sitting by the throne.

The King described the new Chamber as "a sign to the world of our faith in freedom, our confidence in the permanence of our common ideals and of the ties, flexible yet firm, which hold together the peoples of our Commonwealth and unite in brotherhood the freedom-loving peoples of all nations".

In the lofty, oak roofed hall, where so much British history has been made, 1,700 guests gathered to celebrate the house-warming of the "Mother of Parliaments".

There were no glamorous uniforms, for the King had ruled plain clothes should be worn in keeping with the Commonwealth "family spirit" of occasion.

Earlier, after many had waited since dawn, members of Parliament crowded into the new Chamber under the battered, fire blackened Churchill Arch, built from the ruins of the old House.

They heard Prime Minister Clement Attlee, moving a motion of welcome to the Commonwealth representatives, make the first speech in the new Chamber.

MP's crowding the House even sitting packed together in the gangways cheered as Mr. Attlee pointed out that the Legislatures represented here were scattered throughout the world in every continent."

Conservative leader Mr. Winston Churchill, greeted with roars of applause, seconded the motion.

The Assembly of the Speakers of so many free and fairly elected Parliaments showed new link of unity and mutual comprehension which had sprung into being in the Commonwealth's worldwide society of families, he said.

SOUTH KOREANS ON MANCHURIAN BORDER

U. N. Forces Confront Chinese Reds?

TOKYO, Oct. 26 (PTI-Reuter).

SOUTH Korean troops have reached the Manchurian border, a report from American Eighth Army Headquarters in Korea said tonight.

The report said a regiment of the South Korean Sixth Division had moved north from Chosan to the south bank of the Yalu river, which forms the border between North Korea and Manchuria, without meeting Communist resistance.

Earlier, an unconfirmed report from Seoul, South Korean capital, said the Sixth Division had run into a force of 5,000 Chinese Communists. There was no confirmation of this report here.

FLOOD OF RUMOURS

Tokyo has been flooded with rumours of Chinese Communists massing forces in Manchuria for the past 24 hours.

An Intelligence Officer, commenting on a report that 20,000 Chinese had crossed the border, dismissed it as "one more of fifty such reports we have had."

Chosan is a few miles from the river in the centre of the peninsula. It is about 17 miles north of Kojang, which the South Koreans captured yesterday.

The lightly-armed and quick moving South Koreans were earlier reported to be climbing the crude paths up the last mountain range before the river. They had advanced 40 miles from Huichon in the last two days.

A message from Eighth Army Headquarters this afternoon asked for reconnaissance planes to help locate the exact position of the leading elements of the Sixth Division, which were reported to have run into bad weather.

Snow fell at Pyongyang, captured Communist capital, today and the weather was believed to be much worse in the remote north.

U. N. BOMBLINE

The United Nations "bombline" has now reached the Manchurian border, it was stated. This means that there is no allied bombing except of specific targets called for by advancing troops.

On the east coast, the first American Marine Division today landed unopposed at Wonsan 160 miles below the border. This is the division which landed at Inchon, on the west coast, on September 15, and drove inland to capture Seoul.

The transport armada which carried them into Wonsan was delayed by a big magnetic minefield.

The operation had been planned for some time, but the port was already in South Korean hands, having fallen to their lightning northward drive on October 9.

NO TIME FOR CHOICE

PYONGYANG, Oct. 26 (PTI-Reuter): An American Civil Affairs Officer stopped the first Korean he met in the street here and asked him to form a Government for the city.

The Korean—65-year old Chung Deuk Rim, hotelkeeper and former school teacher—is now Mayor of the city.

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EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

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Wanted—Exporters for Hurricane Lanterns. Those interested please apply with terms to: Modi Lantern Works, Modinagar (Meerut). 8961

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PUBLIC NOTICES

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE.

No. 16653|151-Impt.—With reference to his notification No. 9880|151-Impt., dated the 12th June 1950, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 74 of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939, (IV of 1939), read with Government Notification, Revenue Department, No. 3680-E|39, dated the 30th April 1940, the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, having been satisfied that tractors with steel chains cause heavy damage to the roads necessitating costly and recurrent repairs is pleased to prohibit all persons from driving or permitting the driving of all types of tractors with steel chains on any road in Greater Bombay unless the said tractors are equipped with proper steel plates designed to ensure complete and absolute protection to the road surface.

M. M. CHUDASAMA,
Commissioner of Police,
Greater Bombay

Head Police Office,
Bombay, 19th September, 1950

8965

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED on prescribed forms, obtainable from the Dean's Office at eight annas each, from citizens of Indian Union for the post of Professor, Pharmacology and Materia Medica, Seth G. S. Medical College, Bombay.

QUALIFICATIONS:— Applicants must be registered medical practitioners holding a post-graduate medical qualification and with at least 5 years' teaching experience of Pharmacology.

PAY:— Rs. 700/50/1,200 plus Rs. 100 Non-private practice allowance per month plus usual Dearness Allowance. In deserving cases the selected candidate will be started on a higher initial salary.

AGE LIMIT:— 35 to 50 years.

SERVICE CONDITIONS:— The selected candidate will be on probation for one year. Initially the appointment will be for a period of 5 years including the probationary period. He shall be amenable to Municipal Service Regulations and Provident Fund benefits.

Candidates are required to appear for an interview at their own cost.

Applications should reach the Dean on or before 13th November 1950.

By order of the
Municipal Commissioner
R. G. DHAYAGUDE,
D E A N,
Seth G. S. M. College,
Parel, Bombay.

(8899)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE PHALTAN SUGAR WORKS, LIMITED.

Sakharwadi, Dist. Satara (North).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRA-ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Share Holders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Sakharwadi, Dist. Satara, North, on FRIDAY, 24th November, 1950, at 5 p.m. for transacting the following business:—

(I) To pass the following resolution as a special resolution:—

RESOLUTION.

"That the Articles of Association be altered in manner following":—

(1) In Article 2, substitute the word 'India' for the words "British India" wherever they occur.

(2) In Article 10, for the words "Called up" in third line substitute the word 'subscribed'.

(3) From Article 18, delete the portion beginning with "and with full power.....as the Directors think fit" appearing at the end of the Article.

(4) Delete Article 27 entirely.

(5) Add the following at the end of the Article 31. "The Directors may in their discretion waive payment of such fee in the case of any certificate or certificates."

(6) From Article 33, the last portion thereof beginning with "and on payment of the sum ..... new certificate so to be issued" be deleted.

(7) Delete Article 45 entirely and substitute new one in its place as follows:—

"The Company shall have a lien on its fully paid shares. In case of partly paid up shares, the Company shall have a first and paramount lien only upon all moneys called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such shares. Any such lien shall extend to all dividends from time to time declared in respect of such shares. Unless otherwise agreed the registration of a transfer of shares shall operate as a waiver of the Company's lien, if any, on such shares. The Directors may at any time declare any shares to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this issue".

(8) Delete Article 49A entirely.

(9) In Article 62, for the words "in some newspaper circulating in Phaltan State and elsewhere" substitute the words "as required by section 37 of the Act."

(10) Delete Article 76 entirely, and substitute the following one in its place:—

"Any bonds, debentures, debenture-stocks or other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and with any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, attending and voting at general meetings of the Company, appointment of Directors and otherwise, provided always that any provision as to the allotment of shares and the right to attend and vote at general Meetings of the Company shall not be included unless so authorised by resolution of the Company in General Meeting".

(11) In Article 88, for the word "conclusive" substitute the words "prima facie".

(12) In Article 96, for the words "majority of the members personally present at any meeting" substitute the words "the meeting". Also add at the end the following:—at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

(13) In Article 98, after the word 'Member' appearing in 2nd and 3rd line, insert the words "or representative appointed under Section 30".

(14) In Article 99, the word "three" in line three, be deleted and the word "five" be substituted therefor.

(15) In Article 101, the words "undermentioned proposition" be deleted and the word "propositions" substituted therefor.

(16) In Article 105, delete word first 'or' appearing in the last line.

(17) Delete Article 114, entirely and substitute the following in its place:—

"Every instrument of proxy whether for a specified meeting or otherwise shall, as nearly as circumstances will admit, be in the form or to the effect following:-

THE PHALTAN SUGAR WORKS, LIMITED.

I, a member of the Phaltan Sugar Works Ltd., do hereby appoint Mr. of (or failing him) Mr. of as my proxy to attend and vote for me and on my behalf at the (ordinary or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the day of 19 and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed this day of 19

(18) In Article 120, delete the word "four" appearing in 2nd line and substitute the word "six" therefor.

(19) From Article 128, delete the words "or by a percentage of profits or" appearing in lines four and five thereof.

(20) In Article 129, delete the word "the" in last line and substitute the word 'no' in its place.

(21) Delete Article 149 entirely, and substitute the following in its place:—

"A resolution passed without any meeting of Directors, or of a committee of Directors appointed under Article 147 and evidenced by writing under the hands of not less than two-thirds of the total number of Directors of the Company for the time being shall subject to the Provisions of the Act be as valid and effectual as a resolution duly passed at a meeting of the Directors, or of such committee called and held in accordance with the provisions of these articles."

(22) From Article 153 (13) delete the word "or a share in the general profits of the Company" and "or share of profits".

(23) In Article 157 (b) at the end of line 8, insert the following words "subject to the approval of the Board".

(24) From Article 170, delete the portion beginning with "and all dividends unclaimed for six years" to the end.

(25) Delete Article 201 entirely and substitute the following in its place:-

"If the Company shall be wound up and the assets available for the distribution among the members as such shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid-up capital such assets shall be distributed as that as nearly as may be the losses should be borne by the holders of Ordinary shares of the Company in proportion to the nominal amount of the ordinary share capital held by them respectively at the commencement of the winding up, and if in a winding up the assets available for distribution among the members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the capital paid up at the commencement of the winding up the excess shall be distributed among the holders of the Ordinary shares of the Company in proportion to the nominal amount of the ordinary share capital held by them at the commencement of winding up. But this clause is to be without prejudice to the right of the holders of shares issued on special terms and conditions.

(26) In Article 11, insert the words "or out of the unsubscribed portion of the issued shares" after the words "of the authorised shares" in line 2 thereof.

(II) To consider and approve the proposal received from The Managing Agents of the company for reducing the term of their appointment.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
For Mafatlal, Apte & Kantilal, Ltd.

V. S. APTE,
Director,
Managing Agents

BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE.

No. 16950|151-Impt.—The following draft of a notification which it is proposed to issue under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 22 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902 (Bom. IV of 1902) is published as required by sub-section (2) of the said section for information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that any objections or suggestions which may be received in writing by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, from any person or persons with regard to the said draft on or before the 15th November 1950 will be duly considered:—

DRAFT NOTIFICATION

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 22 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902, the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, makes the following new Rule:—

GHOGHA STREET from its junction with Hornby Road to its junction with Cowasji Patel Street shall be closed to east-bound vehicular traffic, i.e., no entry from Hornby Road.

BANAJI LANE from its junction with Cowasji Patel Street to its junction with Nanabhai Lane shall be closed to west-bound vehicular traffic, i.e., no entry from Cowasji Patel Street.

NANABHAI LANE from its junction with Churchgate Street to its junction with Hornby Road shall be closed to north-bound vehicular traffic, i.e., no entry from Churchgate Street.

M. M. CHUDASAMA,
Commissioner of Police,
Greater Bombay.

Head Police Office,
Bombay, 22nd September, 1950.

8966

NOTICE

IT HAS BEEN represented to us by Mr. Sukhadev Totaram More, Ear-at-Law, Dhulia, holder of our policy No. 136019, issued in his favour, that the said policy has been lost and that it was not in any manner transferred or encumbered. Unless valid objections are received at this office within 15 days from the date hereof, the said policy will be cancelled and a duplicate policy issued in his name.

N. DATTA,
Secretary
Hindusthan Co-operative Insurance Society Ltd., Calcutta

Bombay, Dated 25-10-1950.

8964

PUBLIC NOTICES

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY
THE FLYING RANEE

From 1-11-50, the Flying Ranee will be introduced again on the B.B. & C.I. Railway to run daily (Except on Sundays) between Bombay Central and Surat. The timings will be as follows:—

DAILY

Bombay Central	Dep. 17-50
Surat	Arr. 22-10
Surat	Dep. 6-00
Bombay Central	Arr. 10-40

ON SATURDAYS

Bombay Central	Dep. 16-05
Surat	Arr. 20-45

For further details, train notice at stations may be consulted.

8968

IN THE LABOUR COURT AT BOMBAY

BEFORE SHRI N. N. MAJMUDAR, B.A., LL.B., JUDGE.

Application No. 153 of 1950
(ORDINARY JURISDICTION)

THE GENERAL MANAGER, B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING, Electric House, Colaba, Bombay 5. .....Applicant.

Versus

THE B. E. S. & T. WORKERS' UNION, 42, Kennedy Bridge, Bombay 4. ....Opponents.

Application under Section 97A read with Section 78 (1) (c) of the Bombay Industrial Relations Act, 1946.

In the matter of stoppage of work by the Opponents on the 31st August 1950.

NOTICE

IN PURSUANCE of Rule 12 (1) of the Labour Courts (Practice and Procedure) Rules, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Employees of the B.E.S. & T. Undertaking, Bombay that the abovementioned applicant has filed an application in this Court, under the Bombay Industrial Relations Act. 1946 (Act No. XI of 1947) praying:—

"That the stoppage of work resorted to on 31st August, 1950, by the employees (a) by not resuming duties; (b) by resuming duties and working only for a half shift and (c) by attending duties by half an hour late and|or by leaving work earlier than scheduled time without permission be declared illegal".

2. The said employees involved in the stoppage are hereby informed that this matter will be taken up for hearing before me at 11.00 a.m. on MONDAY, the 30th October 1950.

3. Given under my hand and seal of this Court on this THURSDAY the 19th October 1950.

(Sd.) N. N. MAJMUDAR,
Judge,
Labour Court, Bombay.

Office of the Labour Court,
Jail Street, Near Agripada
Police Station,
Bombay No. 11.

Issued by the Bombay Electric Supply & Transport Undertaking.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY
IN INSOLVENCY
No. 114 of 1950.

Re: PREMJI PURSHOTTAMDAS, of Kalyan, residing at Room No. 10, Hira-Baug, Kalyan, District Thana, and carrying on business as Timber Merchant under the name of Messrs. PREMJI PURSHOTTAMDAS & CO., at Vithalbhai Patel Road, near Allwyn Talkies, at Kalyan, District Thana and also at Tank Bunder, Reay Road, Bombay ..... A Debtor.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the abovenamed Debtor presented a Petition to this Court on the 27th September 1950, praying for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909) and the Court made an Order of Adjudication, on 29th September, 1950, on the said Petition adjudging the said Debtor an Insolvent and vesting all the estate and effects of the said Insolvent in the Official Assignee of Bombay.

Dated this 26th day of October, 1950.

SAROSH H. A. VAKIL
Insolvency Registrar,
High Court, Bombay.

8963

AUCTION SALES

Under instruction from B.B. & C.I. Railway and in accordance with the provisions of Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways Act No. IX of 1890, MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 27th October, 1950 at 2 p.m. (S.T.), at Carnac Bridge, Goods Depot, certain Unclaimed booked and Unbooked packages.

GRAND AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ETC.

AUCTION SALE of Household Furniture, G. M. Frigidiare, Radio, Steel Cupboard, Cash Box, Piano, large Zoondah, Gramophone, Imp. Typewriter, etc. and One Morris 1940|41 Truck 25HP (just passed) on Sunday, 29th Oct. '50, at 10-30 a.m., at 23, Queens Rd., c|o. The Apollo Furnishing Co., opp: Charni Rd. Stn. Property ON VIEW. Auctioneers: MISTRY & CO. Tel: 22801.

CITY CORPORATION VOTES

Power To Commissioner To Postpone Polling Date

BOMBAY, Thursday.

BOMBAY'S Municipal Commissioner will shortly be invested with necessary powers to postpone or adjourn the date for taking poll in respect of any ward elections.

It is understood that such powers are to be used only in cases of emergency. A Congress-sponsored proposal urging the Government of Bombay to amend the Bombay Municipal Act so as to bring about the necessary change was adopted by the Bombay Municipal Corporation at its meeting today. Mayor Mr. S.K. Patil presided.

Characterising the proposal as "mischievous" Mr. Dinker Desai Socialist, expressed the fear that the "fresh powers" proposed to be vested in the Commissioner were likely to be abused by that authority with a view to favour a political party. It was also likely that a particular party might create an emergency in the shape of some disturbance, as a result of which the Commissioner might be compelled to use those powers, which in the ordinary course he would not have used.

MORE EXPENSES

The Socialist member further pointed out that the postponement of the date was apt to react heavily against those candidates who suffered from financial stringency, for the simple reason that postponement meant fresh expenses,

Mr. Desai therefore moved an amendment that the resolution be referred back to the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee from which it emanated.

Opposing the resolution Mr. Mohiuddin Harris said that in an emergency, Government had a right to issue an Ordinance to meet a particular situation. In the present case the Commissioner was given powers which were unheard of. Apart from other consequences that might follow, such powers were likely to undermine people's faith in free and fair elections.

The resolution when put to the vote was carried the Socialist bloc voting against it. A poll was immediately asked for. The result was however the same.

MEDICAL EXAM RESULTS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The following are the results of the students who have appeared for the D.G.O., and D.C.H., D.D.V., D.P.B., D.A., D. O. R. L. and L. C. P. S., examinations held by the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Bombay.

D. G. O. EXAM

Out of 17 candidates who appeared who appeared at the D. G. O. Examination held in October 1950, the following eight have passed:-

3. Doraiswamy, Janaki (Miss). 5. Kothary Bharati Mansuklal (Miss). 9. Mangeshikar, Shrikantrao Nagappa. 10. Naik, Susheela Shanker (Miss). 12. Patankar, Ambu Vishvanath (Miss). 15. Soni Kanchenben Harkisondas (Mirs). 17. Sthalekar, Nalini Laxman (Miss).

D. C. H. EXAM

Out of 11 candidates who appeared at the D. C. H. Examination held in October 1950. the following four have passed:-

4. De Quadros, Charlotte (Miss). 6. Koppiker Sunanda Laxman (Miss). 10. Varma, Gyan Prakash. 11. Vvas, Kunjvihari Jivanlal.

D. D. V. EXAM

Only one candidate appeared at the D. D. V. Examination held in October 1950, and he failed to pass the Examination.

D. P. B. EXAM

The following two candidates who appeared at the D. P. B. Examination held in October 1950, have passed the Examination:-

1. Dagli, Prasanlal Mohanlal. 4. Patel, Rasiklal Gokaldas.

D. A. EXAM

Out of four candidates who appeared at the D. A. Examination held in October 1950 the following two have passed:-

1. Das Gupta, Sabitabha. 3. Kaushik, Shiv Prasad.

D. O. R. L. EXAM

Only one candidate appeared at the D O. R. L. Examination held in October 1950, and he failed to pass the Examination.

L. C. P. S. EXAM

Out of 20 candidates who appeared at the FIRST L. C. P. S. EXAMINATION held in October 1950, the following 15 have passed:-

1. Bhadbhade, Shashikant Dattatraya. 2. Deshpande Dattatrey Shankar. 3 Devasagayam Tom Jeyachandran. 5. Gadgil, Prabhaker Ramchandra. 6. Hermon, Alfred John. 7. Jani Hargauri Manishanker (Miss). 8. Kakkanat, Joy Joseph. 9. Kuradkeri, Chanabasapa Shivapa. 12. Nene, Jagannath Shripad. 13. Noronha, Isidorio Patrigio. 15. Pennathur Sundaram. 16. Philip, Madappattutharayil Abraham. 18. Shah, Balubhai Laxmidas. 19. Shetty, Sadashiva Mallar. 20. Utture, Shankar Shivlingappa.

Out of 13 candidates who appeared at the Examination held in October 1950, the following 12 have passed:-

1. Apte Moreshwar Vinayak. 3. David, John Gordon. 4. Deobhakta, Vasant Ganesh. 5. Desai, Bhasker Jinabhai. 6. Jacob Cherian. 7. Kaley, Israel Daulatram. 8. Kottanipral Abraham Mathew. 9. Mathew, Puthen purakal Philip. 10. Pattanashetti, Chandrashekhak Prabhakar. 11. Salve, Ratnaker Bhimaji. 12. Sellathamby John Selvanayagam. 13. Shetty Mallar Balakrishna.

The Rt. Rev. Mgr. Dr. Blasius D'Monte Prize in Materia Medica has been awarded to Mr. Bhasker Jinabhai Desai of the G. S. Medical College, Bombay.

Local Rainfall In Assam

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Oct. 26 (PTI): Following is the daily weather summary for Thursday:

Weather has been mainly dry over the country except for local showers in Assam and scattered showers along the Orissa coast and in Tamilnad and Travancore-Cochin.

Night temperatures were appreciably below normal in Deccan (Desh), Hyderabad, west and south Madhya Pradesh and Madhya Bharat.

FORECAST valid until the evening of 27th:— Dry weather will generally prevail over the country except for a few showers in Assam, along the east coast and in Travancore-Cochin.

Night temperatures will fall in Chota-Nagpur, West Bengal, east Madhya Pradesh and east Hyderabad.

Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, with total rainfall from October 1, 1950, and departure from normal recorded at 0830 hrs. I.S.T. on 26th October, 1950:—Ahmedabad 96 67 0 0 minus 0.3, Ajmer 90 62 0 0 minus 0.4, Allahabad 91 63 0 0 minus 2.1, Bangalore 81 62 0 7.3 plus 2.1, Baroda 96 61 0 0 minus 1.7, Belgaum 83 59 0 8.2 plus 3.9, Banaras 89 63 0 0 minus 2.1, Bhopal 90 59 0 0 minus 1.5, Bhuj 95 68 0 0 minus 0.3, BOMBAY 91 62 0 1.4 minus 0.9, Calcutta 88 77 0 4.9 plus 0.7, Cherrapunji 74 62 1.0 11.0 minus 5.7, Colombo 85 74 0 16.8 plus 5.7, Cuttack 89 76 0 1.0 minus 3.8, Delhi 89 59 0 0 minus 0.3, Gwalior 98 63 0 0.1—Hyderabad (Dn) 86 59 0 2.1 0, Indore 90 55 0.1 minus 1.0, Jaipur 90 57 0 0 minus 0.4, Karachi 84 74 0 0 0 Khandwa 93 56 0 0 minus 1.3, Madras 88 73 0 5.9 minus 3.3, Mysore 83 60 0 3.1 minus 2.4, Nagpur 90 61 0 0.5 minus 1.5, Ootacamund 65 39 0 8.3 plus 1.3, Pachmarhi 81 51 0 0.2 minus 2.0, Patna 90 69 0 0 minus 2.2, Peshawar 83 61 0 0 minus 0.2, Poona 89 51 0 2.8 minus 0.5, Rajkot 96 66 0 0 minus 0.5, Ranchi 82 66 0 1.1 minus 1.6, Simla 66 53 0 0.3 minus 0.8.

Earthquake Record

An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin with epicentre probably in North China Sea about 3,130 miles away from Poona, was recorded by the seismographs in the Meteorological Office, Poona at 12 hours. 42 mts. I.S.T. yesterday.

Bonus For Mill Workers

PAYMENT FROM NOVEMBER 1

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Millowners' Association, Bombay, today announced their decision to pay bonus to the workers of the city from November 1 1950 instead of from November 9, as scheduled earlier.

This decision has been taken, it was stated, in view of the approaching Diwali.

The Millowners' Association has to pay a bonus of two months to the workers as awarded by the Industrial Court later confirmed by the Industrial Appellate Tribunal early this month

BY-ELECTION TO ASSEMBLY

Mr. Salebhoy Kadar To Contest

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Shri S. K. Patil, President of the B.P.C.C., has issued the following statement: In connection with the forthcoming by-elections to the Bombay Legislative Assembly, I have come across a hand-bill asking me why I should not take disciplinary action against Shri Salebhoy Abdul Kadar who is contesting the by-election from Panchmahals Constituency as an Independent Candidate. His critics rely upon a resolution passed by the P.C.C. that the Congress is not officially contesting these elections. I must make it emphatically clear that no Congressman in his individual capacity is debarred from contesting any of these elections. The resolution of the P.C.C. only means that the Congress does not put its official nominee for this election. There is no cause for any disciplinary action whatsoever. Shri Salebhoy Abdul Kadar is as much free to contest this election as his voters are to vote for him.

RATIONING OFFICER SUSPENDED

Breach Of Prohibition Act

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARWAR, October 26.

Mr. K. D. Naik, at present Rationing Officer of Sirsi (Karwar District), has been suspended by the Collector of Karwar, following the receipt of a report from the Police to the effect that the above Rationing Officer has been charge-sheeted for having contravened the Prohibition Act.

It is alleged that some illicit liquor was found in the house of Mr. Naik, when he was at Kumta as Rationing Officer and a case has been filed before the Resident Magistrate of Honavar against the R.O. for having violated the Prohibition Act.

CULTIVATE ALL FIELDS AND FALLOW LAND

GROW MORE FOOD

AC. 133

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EROS

Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

Tarzan battles Terror men!

'TARZAN AND THE SLAVE GIRL'

starring LEX BARKER
VANESSA BROWN, DENISE DARCEL
RKO Radio release
Also—Leon Errol comedy

Sunday Morning at 10
"ENCHANTMENT"
Listen to Radio Goa on 31 metres

METRO

(Every seat a cool retreat)
Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
— also — SUNDAY at 10 a.m.

2nd Rollicking Week!

M-G-M's
Gorgeous glittering technicolor spectacle!

"ANNIE GET YOUR GUN"

Starring BETTY HUTTON
HOWARD KEEL

Today 6-30 performance presentation of prizes to "ANNIE" shooting contest champions and the best shot by Maj. Gen. D. S. BRAR.

NEW EMPIRE

Luxurious Air Conditioned Comfort
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

5th Great Week

Extra morning Show on Sunday at 10
at Evening Rates—Phone 20286

STRAND

Where There's Always A Good Show
Daily 3-15, 6-15 & 9-15 p.m.

A GREAT BOOK
BECOMES A
GREATER PICTURE!

Sunday 10-30 a.m.
DEVDAS
A New Theatres Picture
SAIGAL — RAJKUMARI

REGAL

Fully Air Conditioned
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Extra morning show on Sunday
At full EVENING rates

ADDED ATTRACTION!
THREE STOOGES
Listen to Radio Goa on 31 metres

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Asoe Vad 2 2006
Muslim: Moharram 15 1370
Parsi Ardibehesht 25 1320
Sunrise 6-37 a.m., Sunset 6-9 p. m.
Hightide 00-50, 12-24 Lowtide 06-34, 18-33.

Today's Engagements

MAYOR'S TEA PARTY TO MR. LOY W. HENDERSON, U.S. Ambassador in India, Corporation Hall, 6 p.m.

RECEPTION BY THE CONSUL GENERAL FOR IRAN to celebrate the birthday anniversary of His Imperial Majesty Mohammed Reza Pahlavi Shahanshah of Iran, Taj Mahal Hotel, 6 to 8 p.m.

THE BOMBAY SOCEITY OF MODEL ENGINEERS: Displays of technical scientific and educational films, B.E.S.T. Conference Hall, Colaba, 6-30 p.m.

THIRTEENTH ANNIVERSARY CELEBARATION of the Late Sangeet Ratna Khansaheb Abdul Karim Khan Blavatsky Lodge, 6-30 p.m.

ASTHIK SAMAJ, MATUNGA: Reception to H. H. Swami Shivanandji of Rishikesh at 7-45 p.m. Friday 27th October, 1950.

BALKAN-JI-BARI CELEBRATIONS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Silver Jubilee Celebrations of the Balkan-ji-Bari will be inaugurated by Lady Rama Rao on October 28 at Kandivli Vyayam Mandir, Habib Road at 5 p.m.

The Silver Jubilee celebrations will continue for three days from 28th to 30th. Special features of the celegration will be (1) Anand Bazar organised by the children. (2) documentary films by the Motwane Pictures Ltd. (3) dances, drama, folk songs, darbar and musical concerts by well-known artistes of Bombay.

TODAY'S RADIO

FRIDAY, Oct. 27

AIR NEWS FROM DELHI

Bengali 7-30 a.m 2-50 p.m., 7-30 English 8 a.m. 1-30 p.m., 6 Gujerati 8-45 a.m. 7-45, 3-15, Hindi 8-15 a.m 1-40 p.m., Malayalam 7-30 a.m. 7-30 p.m., Marathi 8-30 a.m. 12-50 p.m., Oriya 7-15 a.m. 1-10 p.m. 7-15, 8-15 p.m., Tamil 7-15 a.m. 2 p.m., 7-15 Telugu 7 a.m. 1-50 p.m., 7 Urdu 9 a.m 8 p.m.

BOMBAY

7-30 a.m. Mangal Prabhat. 7-40 Programme Summary. 7-45 Hindi By Radio. 8-15 Bhimsen Joshi, Khayal. 1-10 p.m. As in Bombay B. 1-40 Joseph Szigeti. 5-30 Khayal Lalita Gauri. 5-45 Manohar Karnik, Saroda. 6-10 Bhimsen Joshi. Khayal. 6-40 Ratna Kant, Khayal. 7 Jagannath Prasad, L. G. songs. 7-30 Manohar Karnik, Sarod. 7-45 For Industrial Workers, Kamgar Sabha. 8-30 Radio Trailer, Gujarati. 8-45 Poetry Recitation, Gujarati. 9-15 Jagannath Prasad, L. G. songs. 9-30 Swing Session. 9-45 For the Universities. 10 Bob Damri and His Orchestra.

VARIATIONS: 7-30 a.m. Mangal Prabhat. 8 Manohar Karnik, Sarod. 8-45 Sonibai Mulgaonkar, Pad ani Bhavgeet. 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari. 1 Madhur Gani. 1-50 Ragdari. 5-30 As in Bombay A. 5-45 Kannada Bhajan. 6 Sonibai Mulgaonkar, Marathi Pad. 6-20 For the Villagers, Marathi. 6-50 For the Villagers, Kannada. 7-20 Prithwiraj Kapoor, L. H. songs. 7-30 Commercial News. 8-15 Hindi by Radio, Hindi Lessons. 8-30 Vanadesh, Vana Sampatti? 9 Prithwiraj Kapoor, L. H. songs. 9-30 Songs From Films. 9-45 Bhimsen Joshi, Khayal.

BARODA

8-15 a.m. Marathi songs. 8-30 Bansilal Shah, Khayal. 6-20 p.m. Bansilal Shah, Khayal. 6-30 Programme for rural listeners. 7 Lessons in Hindi. 7-15 As in Ahmedabad. 7-30 Programme for Children. 8 Ramalal B Vaishnav. 8-10 Locals. 8-30 Khan Saheb Abdul Karim Khan. 9-15 Bansilal Shah, Vocal Music. 9-30 Vidhi Sanket.

AHMEDABAD

8-15 a.m. Makrand Badshah Classical Music. 8-30 Premal Jyoti 6-20 p.m. As in Baroda. 6-30 Narhardan Kunchala, Lok Geeto. 6-45 Saigal, 7 Hindi Seekhen. 7-15 Vivahna Sanskar. 8 Sthanik Samachar. 8-5 Master Mukund, G songs. 8-30 Narhardan Kunchala, 8-45 Makrand Badshah, Classical Musim. 9-15 Meri Kahani. 9-30 As in Baroda.

The Pulse Of The City

ALLEGED PROFITEERING: Keshavji Harsi and Morarji Harsi, partners of a grocery shop at Crawford Market were arrested by the city police for alleged profiteering in sugar They are said to have sold three maunds of sugar to a customer for Rs. 145.

GAMBLING CHARGE: Ramchandra Mahadeo Shinde and six others were arrested by the Lamington Road police on Wednesday on a charge of gambling.

'COUNTER' THEFT: An unidentified person decamped with a money bag, containing Rs. 10,000 from the counter of the Bhuleshwar Branch of the Central Bank of India, Bombay on Wednesday afternoon, it was reported on Thursday.

VIOLATION: Alleged to have accepted four months rent as advance deposit as against three months' allowed by the Rent Control Act, Rajabhai Meheralli Masalwala, a landlord of Khar, was arrested and produced before Presidency Magistrate Gordhandas at the Esplanade Court on Wednesday morning for violating the Act.

FOOD CONTROL: Four persons who performed Satyanarayan Puja and served food to more than 50 persons at Colaba on Wednesday night were arrested by the city police for alleged contravention of the Food Control Order.

BURGLARY: The residence of the Head of the Wireless Department of Bombay City police at Shepherd Road was burgled on Tuesday night and ornaments valued at Rs. 2,000 were stolen, the Nagpada Police reported on Wednesday. A police constable on duty challenged Mangaldas Hemraj, the alleged culprit who was moving about in a suspicious manner along Shepherd Road and took him to the police station. The stolen property is stated to have been recovered from him.

MISAPPROPRIATION: Raghunath Keshav Maholkar, a clerk in the Accounts' Department of the State Transport Office, submitted a supplementary bill for Rs. 632/3/- on behalf of an employee to whom the amount was due, collected the amount and misappropriated it. The alleged fraud was discovered later in a surprise check up and the man was suspended. Six other offences were brought to light in further checks in which bogus bills had been prepared and money obtained on 'false pretences. The man is stated to have confessed to misappropriating the moneys and paid up the amounts in full. He was hauled up before Presidency Magistrate R. S. Parikh on Thursday.

STOWAWAY: Hari Ramchandra, a 9-year old primary school student wanted to see a bit of the 'high seas'. On the eve of the departure of s.s. 'Chusan' from Bombay, Hari managed to board the ship and hid himself in the oil bunker of the vessel and remained there until it was out at sea. He was later found out and when the vessel reached Aden, he was transferred to the s.s. 'Pinjara' bound for Bombay. Hari was handed back to his parents in Bombay who had earlier reported to the police that the boy was 'missing.'

NOT GUILTY: Laxman Parashuram Dalvi, who was put up for trial before a special jury at the City Sessions Court on a charge of murder was ordered to be acquitted by Mr. M. B. Honavar, Chief Judge of the Sessions Court. The Jury returned a unanimous verdict of not guilty.

English Films This Week

Gregory Peck and Jean Parker, in a scene from 20th Century-Fox's most suspenseful and unusual Western thriller THE GUNFIGHTER coming soon to the Regal Theatre.

Unusual Western At Regal

Twentieth Century-Fox scores another hit with the presentation at the Regal Theatre of The Gunfighter acclaimed as a most unusual Western.

The story of an outlaw and his futile attempts at regeneration is presented to moviegoers with new thrills, action and suspense, which will surely win accolades, not only from Western fans, but from those who usually shy away from this type of entertainment.

Gregory Peck, portrays a notorious gunman Jimmie Ringo (a character patterned after a real-life character named John Ringo), who comes to the realisation that he has been on the wrong path and lived by his guns too long. He makes a sincere effort to straighten out his life but to no avail. In his footsteps follows danger—danger of being shot through the back by any one of the young hoodlums eager to win a reputation as the killer of the greatest sharp-shooter. It is a character that is wholly new to the screen, a restless, courageous youngster who grew to become the most feared gunkiller and who, standing at the peak of fame his guns had won—became a clear target for every tough kid with an eye for glory.

In the cast, supporting Gregory Peck, are lovely Helen Westcott, Jean Parker, Millard Mitchell and others. It was directed by Henry King and written and produced by Nunnally Johnson.

Samson Breaks The Record

Cecil De Mille's record-breaking "Samson and Delilah" has caught Bombay's fancy. This tremendous adaptation of the Biblical tale hits a new high in spectacular entertainment. It is held over at the New Empire Theatre for one more week. The stars of the film are Hedy Lemarr and Victor Mature, while the chief supporting role is in the hands of George Sanders.

'Jane' Joins College

Vanessa Brown re-enrolled at University of California in Los Angeles, after receiving her B.A. there, to study for her master's degree.

Vanessa admits her selection as the girl to portray "Jane" in Sol Lesser's RKO Radio release, "Tarzan and the Slave Girl" had considerable to do with her decision to return to college. Appearing as Jane in the popular Tarzan series will keep her blossoming screen career on a continual upgrade and will still allow her enough time for her studies.

Full-Length Concert Programmes

The world's most renowned concert artists will soon be seen and heard by the general public in a series of full-length motion picture concert programmes, Spyros P. Skouras, president of Twentieth Century-Fox Film Corporation, announced recently.

Associated with the film executive in the production of the screen concerts will be Sol Hurok, noted impresario, who is responsible for having secured the services of many of the artists.

The films, a distinguished innovation in the progress of screen entertainment, will star internationally prominent personalities of the music world, Arthur Rubenstein, Rise Stevens, Jascha Heifetz, Gregor Platigorsky, Marian Anderson, and Dimitri Mitropoulos as well as many other famous artists hitherto available only to select, limited audiences will now perform before the world.

Rudolph Polk, president of World Artists, a musician himself who has

Spyros P. Skouras, Head of 20th Century-Fox.

been prominent in concert circles for a number of years, was formerly musical director of Enterprise Productions in the film capital, and will now produce these concert films.

In many of the films will be unusual ballet sequences to be presented by Mr. Hurok who will shortly leave for Europe to personally search for additional ballet artists to appear in the productions. Mr. Skouras said that Irving Reis, who directed such successful motion pictures as "All My Sons," "Dancing In The Dark" and "The Bachelor and the Bobby Soxer" has been chosen to direct the high fidelity sound film programmes.

Having maintained for many years that the taste of the public is sufficiciently mature to welcome such screen projects, Mr. Skouras said he is certain that motion picture concerts will be appreciated by the moviegoing public as a part of the regular theatre programme. He also revealed that tests made in the U.S.A. in several cities on the west coast with four of the films already produced indicated such an "enthusiastic acceptance on the part of the public that the production of screen concert programmes will proceed without delay."

"The successful response we have received," he added, "confirm our conviction that such motion picture entertainment would not only be enjoyed by the public but would broaden the vistas of the nation's screen by appealing to many persons who are not now regularly patronizing movies."

Vanessa Brown has the lead in "Tarzan and the Slave Girl."

TARZAN' IN CITY WITH A SLAVE

Tarzan is back. In the person of Lex Barker, sleek muscled as a lion and with twice as many lives as a cat. For Mr. Barker goes through enough adventures and comes out of enough death dealing situations to keep a dozen lesser men contended for the rest of their lives. The film in which he does all this cavorting, "Tarzan and the Slave Girl", opens at the Eros this week. Tarzan and Jane, a half-breed nurse, a doctor, and the inevitable Cheeta the chimpanzee are all in this hurdy-gurdy, pitting their wits against a tough guy called Sengo who, among other things, believes in grabbing hold of any women that are around and taking them off to his hide-out to replace the girls of his tribe who have perished by a mysterious malady.

As expected, Tarzan and his gang get ambushed by the bold bad villains, and as usual the trusty Tarzan manages to get everybody out of the fix, getting rid of the villanous Sengo into the bargain. The improbabilities in the picture—the savages in the film have a most unusual and futuristic taste in architecture for example—are the ones that are always found in this type of entertainment, and do not particularly jar.

Lex Barker is partnered by Vannessa Brown, and Denise Darcell puts in fitful appearances as the buxom blonde half-breed. Hurd Hatfield and Arthur Shields also figure in the proceedings.

JOHNNY WEISMULLER IN A NEW OUTFIT

Johnny Weismuller, probably bored with an overdose of Tarzan, has put on a pair of pants and a shirt and is now masquerading as Jungle Jim. Aside from the fact that he talks civilised English and does not swing through the trees with blood-curdling yells, Jungle Jim is a brother under the skin to Tarzan. He battles with crocodiles, has sundry brushes with hostile natives in outlandish head gear, chums up with a blonde, who rather surprisingly keeps a tiger for a watch-dog, and carries on through most of the footage in a strenuous and exciting manner. The plot—what there is of a plot—is mainly concerned with a bunch of cut-throat witch doctors who have run amok and are terrorising the countryside. One of their hobbies is to load people up with jewellery and chuck them into a lagoon. Jungle Jim, who obviously cannot allow such goings-on, gets after them and puts a stop to this nonsense.

In between all this there is a fight between a tiger and a black panther, between a tiger and Jungle Jim—luckily for the latter it is called off in time—and an underwater squabble between a renegade white and the same old Jungle Jim. Raw and rough-hewn, the film will have a special appeal to the juvenile. It will also appeal to the adult providing he is not too particular of how improbable the whole thing is. After all, this IS the jungle. The best scenes are those of wild beasts locked in mortal combat. "Captive Girl" opens at the Regal Cinema this week.

'ANNIE GET YOUR GUN' STAYS

Lavish and spectacular, with a liberal larding of songs and dances, M.G.M.'s mammoth production "Annie Get Your Gun" is doing a record business at the Metro where it is held over for the second packed week. The vivacious star of the film is Betty Hutton, and the joie-de-vivre of this amazingly vital actress is infectious. She plays the part of a girl who has no equal in the matter of slinging lead, and it is a good thing for all around that she does not aim at live targets. The competition between Annie and her rival Frank Butler, another fabulous sharp shooter, forms the mainspring of the plot, which, directed by George Sidney at a brisk pace, will not fail to entertain every type of audience. The film is photographed in Technicolour and provides eye-filling and luscous fare.

Evelyn Keyes and Dick Powell in "Mrs. Mike" now showing at the Strand

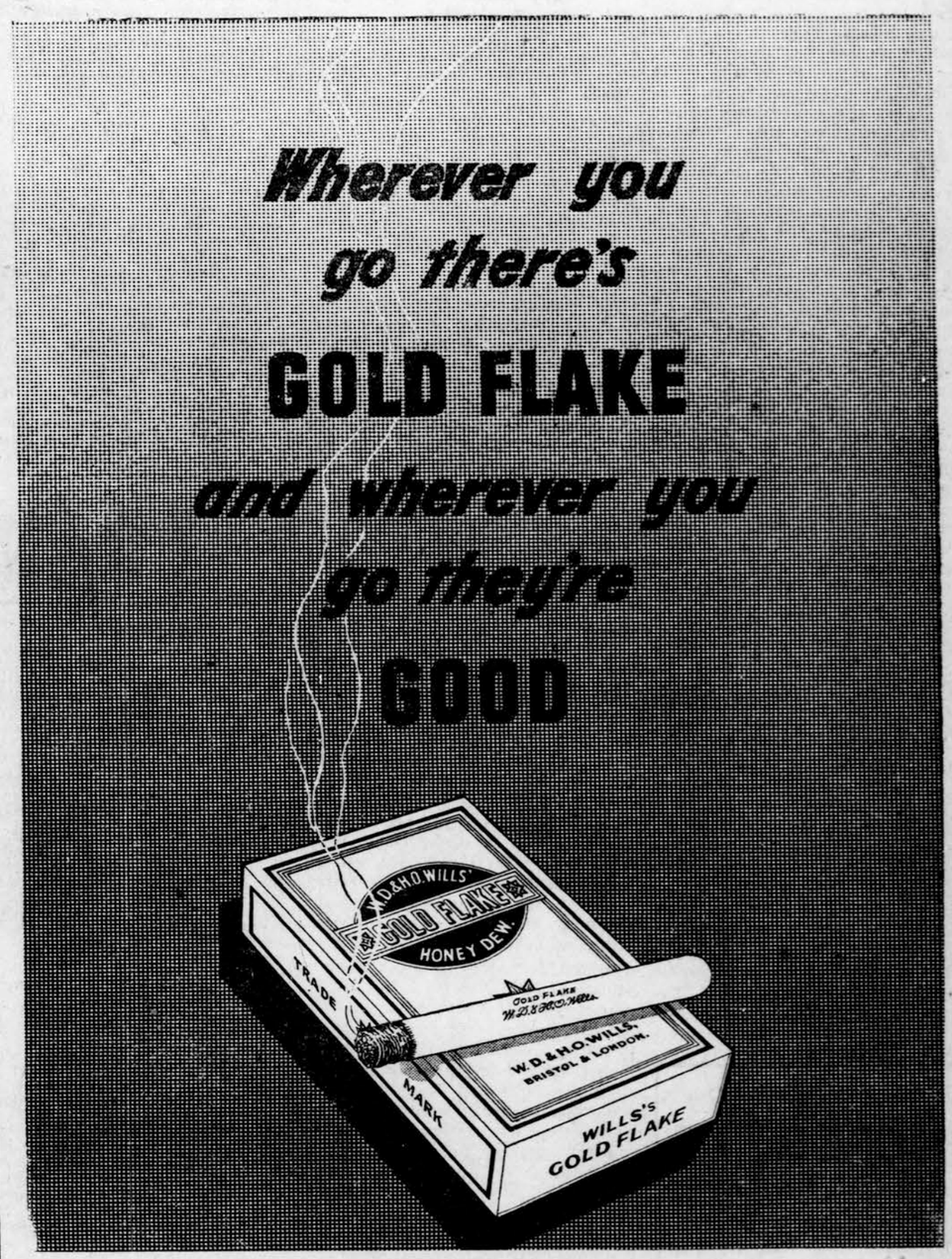
MRS. MIKE'S LOVE FOR HER MAN

Laid in the cold and dreary wastes of the Canadian North-West, Benedict and Nancy Freedman's "Mrs. Mike" is a thrilling account of the hardships and privations a woman will go through for the sake of the man she loves. The lead roles of the mountie and his missus are enacted with rare understanding by Dick Powell and Evelyn Keyes. The major share of the acting chances come to Miss Keyes and she fairly lives the part. There is nothing ultra dramatic about the film, but its combination of humour and pathos, of tenderness and tragedy, makes it sincere and moving entertainment.

Some brilliant photography recreates the lovely scenic effects of nature in all its grandeur and glory. The terrible plague which well nigh wipes out an entire community and which takes away the heroine's only child because there is not vaccine enough to save its life, brings a lump into the throat. Bustle and excitement are absent in the film. The tale is told without any embroidery and without exaggerated emphasis and is all the better for this restraint.

There is also a lesson to be learnt in the final re-union of the mountie and his wife, for she, sick to death of the loneliness around her leaves him, only to return when she realises that whatever may be the hardships of life in the wilderness, it can be borne if shared with another.

J. M. Kerrigan and John Miljan have good supporting roles.



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GF/328

The Bombay Chronicle

TIBET'S ORDEAL

The Chinese Government's military move against Tibet, which has been sudden and altogether surprising must cause both pain and anxiety to India. It creates an anxious situation because it not only threatens to upset Indo-Tibetan economic and political relations, which have existed in a stable and friendly manner for a long time. It also, with the prospective virtual absorption of Tibet into China, brings the conflict between the Communist and Western Democratic worlds, together with its dangers and threats, at the very doors of this country. And since it is inevitable in the case of any advance into other areas by any of the contending forces, it intensifies the threat to the peace of Asia, a continent which is already having more than its full share of grave blows to peace.

The Chinese Government's move is also painful because it was neither necessary nor justified at this stage and was certainly not expected even by friends. Tibet has long enjoyed full autonomy under the sovereignty of China. Tibet acknowledged China's sovereignty and China acknowledged Tibet's right to autonomy. Relations between the two countries have long existed and been amicably maintained on that basis. It is also a matter of the greatest significance that this relationship has been accepted as most satisfactory by other nations in the past. Tibet's conduct and policy have, in this vital respect, been correct and unexceptionable. As long as the Kuomintang was in power, Lhasa faithfully maintained this basis of relationship with the Nationalist regime. When the Nationalists were defeated and ejected from the mainland, Tibet expelled their representatives at Lhasa rather than continue to recognise them. This gesture to the Communist regime was followed by the Tibetan Government, with efforts, supported and assisted by India, to negotiate Lhasa-Peking relationship on the same basis. An official Tibetan delegation came to India some time ago in order to negotiate an agreement with the Chinese representative in New Delhi. It had discussions with Peking's Ambassador in the Indian capital. The Ambassador, however suggested that the delegation should proceed to Peking and negotiate a settlement with the Chinese Government direct. The delegation has agreed to this suggestion and, in fact, it is already on its way to China. It is at this stage that the Chinese Government has thought fit to strike its sudden blow at Tibet. Was it right and fair; was it desirable? An excuse has been offered—through a newspaper in far off European Berlin. It is to the effect that Anglo-American Imperialists were planning to invade Tibet. From where? It is a wildly absurd excuse reminiscent only of the ridiculous "justifications" advanced for aggression by cynical aggressors. And it serves only to emphasise the fact of the whole move being suspect. Early in the year when the question of Tibet was discussed in the Western press, it was commonly accepted even by conservative opinion that the lead of the Indian Government would be decisive for the West. And India has not departed from the traditional stand. From Moscow Radio comes the argument that Tibet is part and parcel of China and the Chinese themselves have tentatively raised the slogan that the regime in Tibet is feudal and so on. These arguments certainly did not justify a sudden military onslaught and, in fact, they could and should have been the subject of negotiations for which a Tibetan delegation, it should be repeated, is already on its way to China. It is unfortunate that a course, which should, in fairness, have been adopted and which was, in effect, accepted and approved of by China's own Ambassador in New Delhi, should have been so abruptly abandoned in favour of, it must be said with regret, brute force. Nor is this a gesture which India expected and deserved. The friendly feelings and policy of the Indian Government towards Communist China are only too wellknown and they are acknowledged by the Chinese Government too. It is this Indian Government that has been earnestly trying to bring about a negotiated settlement between Tibet and China. Was it fair or desirable to show such disregard for India's concern and India's efforts? The Tibetan delegation has expressed the hope, however, that the present military move is not an invasion but a demonstration in favour of speeding up a settlement by negotiation. Even so, it is a most undesirable and objectionable way of coercion.

Incidentally, there has been put forward an Australian suggestion that Tibet can appeal to the United Nations. But the United Nations does not recognise China! And Tibet is not an ex-Japanese possession like Formosa which can at need be hemmed with conditions prior to being transferred to Chinese sovereignty. We cannot see how the United Nations can intervene in Tibet any more than it could, for instance, have interfered in the affairs of Sinkiang. In fact, if any territory is completely recognised as under the influence of China by the rest of the world, it is Tibet.

Food Scarcity In Bihar

The scarcity of food in Bihar, which had acquired prominence particularly in consequence of the controversy regarding starvation deaths, was accentuated by the vagaries of the monsoon. Still it continues to be acute. Now the Food and Supply Minister of the State, Mr. Anugraha Narayan Sinha, has come out with a threat to resign his office if he felt he could not deliver the goods so far as the people were concerned. The revealing statement made by him in the course of an interview gives a clear but unhappy impression that there was no coordination in the Government departments which ought to have co-operated in the urgent task of tiding over the crisis. The Grow More Food Department and Minor Irrigation Works which are concerned with agriculture, declared Mr. Sinha, had been found totally failing. In the course of his recent tour, he said he was told by villagers that the staff of these departments had not even put in an appearance in their areas. The lack of co-operation in the departments, alleged by no less a person than the Food and Supply Minister of the State, amounts to a serious administrative anomaly, causing sufferings to the people. The Government of Bihar must issue a detailed statement explaining the true state of affairs and the steps taken by it to relieve the distressing situation in the affected areas. The Government of India should also direct its attention to Bihar in view of the complaints made by Mr. A. Sinha.

Thought For The Day

We often talk of right and justice, but we find that in the world right and justice are mere baby's talk. There are two things which guide the conduct of men: might and mercy The exercise of might is invariably the exercise of selfishness. Mercy is heaven itself; to be good, we have all to be merciful. Even justice and right should stand on mercy.

—VIVEKANANDA.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

JOHANNESBURG, Oct. 25 (PTI-Reuter): South Africa's Prime Minister, Dr. Daniel Malan, declared here today that Africa south of the Sahara desert formed a geographic entity which could not be separated into exclusive economic units.

Dr. Malan, opening the Southern and Central Africa Transport conference here, said economic separation could only be at the expense of the inhabitants and the welfare of the region as a whole.

* * *

Reiterating his demand for a Political Levy, Dr. Choithram Gidwani urges that the refugees were victims of political events as was admitted at the Nasik Session of the Congress.

And now they are victims of political power games.

* * *

India is reported to have asked the Ceylon Government for clarification of their policy towards citizens, who have adopted nationalisation by registration.

But that policy has already been most clearly clarified by Minister A.E. Goonesinha to the effect that registered, naturalised Indian nationals of Ceylon are Ceylonese citizens minus the fundamental rights of citizenship.

* * *

Apropos of the resignation of two prominent West Punjab leaders from the Muslim League, "significance", says a Lahore report, "is attached here to the timing of the resignations with the arrival of the Premier, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan".

In celebration of his election as President of the Muslim League, that is.

* * *

LONDON: Britain has told Egypt that she considers her use of airfields in the Suez Canal zone for arrival and departure of British forces fully in accord with the Anglo-Egyptian Agreement of 1936.

And what is the Anglo-Egyptian Agreement of 1936 fully in accord with?

* * *

An East Berlin newspaper has charged the Western Powers with planning the occupation of certain areas of Tibet where geologists had discovered deposits of uranium". It claims that "the planned Western invasion in Tibet was only delayed by the events in Korea".

If a newspaper published in East Berlin (Germany, Europe) said all this about Tibet almost simultaneously with China's march into it, then the facts revealed by it could not possibly be more authentic.

* * *

Declaring that "you cannot defeat communism with corrupt Governments", Mr. Joseph Chifley, Australia's ex-Premier, flatly asserts that the South Korean Government is completely corrupt.

Not completely. It hasn't yet acquired the whole of Korea, for which Dr. Syngman Rhee is duly trying to do the needful.

* * *

In a broadcast to the Formosan people, Marshal Chiang Kai-Shek declares that "the sovereignty of Formosa belongs to the Republic of China, racially, culturally and legally".

Exactly, exactly. And the Republic of China belongs to China, racially, culturally and politically.

* * *

The Generalissimo has also promised a counter-offensive "for the destruction of the traitorous regime under Mao Tse-tung and Chu Teh and for driving out Soviet Russia".

This double optimism arises out of the fact that the twenty-year offensive failed completely?

WHAT AWAITS KASHMIR

By S. H. JHABVALA

PEACE is not mere absence of War: it is the concord of souls. Has that great ideal been carried out by the united effort of the Nations of the world, or has it remained only a pacificatory phantom of a mankind hungering after real, effective and solid Peace? If War at any near date arose that the United Nations Organisation could save the world is a distant possibility, if not a total impossibility, and that too, after sufficient harm is done to the cause of Peace and heavy damage to the peoples of the world, as in the case of the recently raised new States carved out from the heart of the world, namely, Israel.

With the new freedoms enlarged to mankind the very geography of the human race is mighty changed, as its history is pointing towards absolutely new principles of life itself. Asia appears to be the war target of a renovated Soviet, as much as the capitalist democracy of a Marshall-planned United States. Indo-China, Indonesia, Burma and Kashmir appear to be the nearest focal points in international calculations of the great power blocs of a re-awakened world.

Among all these, Kashmir is more greatly tinged with the blood-red crosses of the Soviet, U.S.A. and Pakistan as against India than any other of the above Asiatic regions. Kashmir is in the fore-front of the world's picture for Kashmir has been of modern times most illogically harmed by the political strategies and ill-fated manoeuvres of rivals attempting to grab at her weakness.

Made A Pawn

Kashmir is virtually being sprung about as a possible pawn upon the East-West chess-gamesters' board, neither acting towards Peace, their professed version, both destroying what vestige of concord there existed prior to their entry into the actual controversy between India and Pakistan. Both India and Pakistan being members of the UNO are obviously paying the penalty of association with other world Powers whose ambition is to spread the fangs of their masked imperialism the world over behind the guileful protege of World peace.

If the Dixon Report leaves doors open to India and Pakistan to negotiate Peace between themselves, and if Pakistan squirms her poisonous way through towards the heart of Kashmir through questionable means of Azad Forces what shall India do?—that is a question of greater magnitude than all others put together, in India, even the Refugee question grossly imperilling the very foundations of the Government.

China is now unchallengeably communised. India has not only accepted her in her own country, but is pleading her case before the UNO to replace Kuomingtang with the Communist representative, the latter being both legally and constitutionally proper according to the Charter of the UNO. In the event of War between India and Pakistan, China, therefore, can lend her shoulder of Military resources and others to the country that accepts her theory of economic and social life.

Shall India be prepared to radically change the present economy and society of the Kashmiris consonant with the theories and practices prevalent in her own territories? Coming closer, Tibet today is still yawning in the cradle of her spirituality, rudely awakened by the impulses of a great and growling neighbour, namely, China. The lamas there are reading the chapters of Marx more readily than lucubrating on the unselfish self-abnegations of the Tripataka. The Tibetans are uninterested spectators of a burning Kashmir; they cannot to even salvage work in the service of India.

Death Writ Large

Nepal, another of the Himalayan neighbours of India, can but render mercenary service due to terms and conditions of peace between Nepal and India.

India has to depend upon herself for her and Kashmir's defence— and the foe is not merely Pakistan, but also the Tribes proverbially fanatic in the name of Jehad. Leaders' speeches at Lahore, Dacca and behind the Iron Curtain at Karachi, through the venomously propagandist Muslim League, are indicative of the martial virulence the foes of Kashmir are accumulating beyond the borders.

Besides strengthening our Defence lines we have to man the Army with new indoctrinated spirit that Kashmir lost would also lose us whole India. Militarily we may not be ill equipped, but our expense over the item of War will unbearably be exorbitant in the whole comprehensive economy of our State. War today is not only devastatingly murderous, but it is also disastrously expensive. Without any pretensions to our glory we depend entirely today upon implements of War made by foreigners in Europe and America. Did not Mao Tse-Tung redeem China with Russian Party War machine? Who won Israel if not American plutocracy? Why —Surreptitious Pakistan is openly demanding foreign military weapons with which to equip her forces!

Between the two bursting atoms of dependent Pakistan and India there is writ nothing on the uncertain dark pages of Kashmir's history, except death and disaster, with the Foreigner really conquering and even gaining the fruits of her mastery in the spirit of conquest.

Shall we then let the palm of victory to attain world-peace go into the hands of those who are behind the curtain supplying the war machine to the world including Pakistan?

Only Negotiation

Only negotiation, conciliation and ultimate arbitration by un-interested parties not dominated by back-door influences, which is acceptable to the highest reason, to twist our new Congress President's oft-repeated expression in his Presidential speech, of both the parties in the dispute about Kashmir, can avoid the fury of war between the two countries. Neither India nor Pakistan can fight a modern war. India's chosen path of a silent Peace with aggression on none, with defence if necessary, but with universal love to friend and foe alike is the pressing thought on which must converge the immediate priorities of the Government's policy and action.

While hoping for success in the above direction, we cannot but distrust also the workings of ill fates, and for that a preparedness militarily, must form the basic passion of the immediate India. We must repel if attacked, we need not offend even if necessary, but we cannot let our principles swerve from their currents hitherto masterfully and yet successfully pursued.

India's wealth in matters material—steel, iron, wood, mineral substances useful in time of war and peace—is over-abundant, only that Government has so far failed to utilise this untold Power in the country by want of policy, lack of scientific knowledge, and above all, fostering of a false system of economy.

The old structure of our economy has landed us into the morass of disastrous loss everywhere. The Kashmir threat is fruitful warning to us to change our very base of absurd living and calumnious thinking. It must negotiate a new Plan of our link with Kashmir, so that even without plebiscite, Kashmir may remain with us—neither totally dependent upon up, like upon Pakistan is she went there—whole or in part—, nor a constant danger-hold in Central Asia for gamester nations of the West. Kashmir must first and foremost, be independent of the perils of world strategy foiling Peace to raise clouds of new War.

Militarily weak, Kashmir, India and Pakistan, are mere jibes of War. Physical force inherent in the travesties of a full-fledged War of modern times, is not inevitable. Who should laugh when Kashmir burns? If negotiations are fruitfully carried out,—and there is no reason why they cannot succeed—India and Pakistan will have not only more closely advanced towards each other for the solution of their intricate manifold problems, but also will have shown the way to a cold-war-weary world, towards a solid Path of Peace.

NEHRU ACCUSED OF CHICANERY

KARACHI, Oct. 26 (UPI): India's Prime Minister Pandit Nehru has been accused of "chicanery" and "phoney idealism" by veteran British war correspondent William Courtnay, who covered the Korean War for the London newspapers "Sunday Times" and "Daily Graphic", while addressing the RAF personnel in Karachi on Tuesday, reveals a British Information Services press note.

The veteran British war correspondent criticised the attitude of Pandit Nehru in India in regard to Korea, saying he was now being criticised by all America.

"Nehru" said the speaker according to that the report, "with complete chicanery tried to placate Russia so that the Soviets, if they won, would not march one day into India. He was more anxious to stand well with the victor—if it were Russia—than to do his duty honourably to the United Nations.

William Courtnay said that General MacArthur plans organizing a great army of Koreans to man their own frontiers at the Manchurian border and this in turn will contain a large Chinese Communist army there on the other side of the Yalu River preventing it from making any mischief in other parts of Asia.

The British correspondent left for London yesterday via Iraq in a special RAF plane.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Character Building

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari declaring open the Ramakrishna Students' Home in Mysore recently advised students to "develop good character which in the eyes of the world was the most important thing."

Character-building must go hand in hand with intellectual culture. Self-control, self-mastery, honesty, truthfulness, self-sacrifice and disinterested love for all should adorn the character of a truly educated man or woman. This is the Hindu ideal of education. But a man who robs others to promote his self-interest is not a civilized man according to the Hindu ideal. The Christian and Mahomedan ideals are the same. A man may not be judged by his outward appearance but by his inner nature and character. The outward garb, dress, clothes, formality, etiquette do not amount to anything. The Lord sees purity of the heart. We must be pure in heart and loving to all irrespective of caste, creed or nationality.

Therefore, the aim of education should not be mere intellectual culture with commercial ideals to gain one's livelihood, but the ideal of education should be such as would elevate man from his ordinary selfish state into the unselfish ideal of Godhood. Physically we should develop and train our bodies so that we can have strong and healthy bodies possessing abundant powers of endurance. Then we should educate our minds so that we may be able to acquire self-mastery and not remain slaves of passions, desires and selfishness. Self-conquest should be our ideal in training our minds.

—ANGELO MOSES.

Amend The Rent Act

Why should not the Government of Bombay slightly amend the Rent Act so as to give a landlord the first choice for himself or any member of his own family getting into his own flat in case of any vacancy occurring in his building on a tenant giving notice to quit or otherwise?

There will be no case of ousting any tenant and no question of the landlord taking higher rent from any new tenant or 'pugree'.

—OBSERVER.

Pictomap by Atlas

Can Tito Withstand A Red-Backed Invasion?

ON THREE sides of Yugoslavia stand the armies of the Soviet Satellite states. There are reports of frontier incidents almost daily, and undoubtedly tension is maintained at fever heat.

The Russian-trained and Russian-equipped armies of Bulgaria, Rumania, and Hungary stand poised at the frontiers of Marshal Tito's State. Behind him he has only the sea which separates Yugoslavia from Italy.

It is estimated that Hungary has under arms 120,000 men and that she has 300 Russian-built tanks at her disposal. These form the basis of two armoured divisions. Rumania, with 150,000 men in the Army, has 400 Russian tanks and can muster three armoured divisions. And Bulgaria, with an army of 120,000 and 300 tanks can also put into the field two armoured divisions.

Against this Tito can muster 400,000 troops. But these are supported by no more than 50 tanks and he has no armoured division to launch against any attack. If he were forced to meet aggression all along his wandering frontiers, his resources would be strained to the limit. From Budapest to Belgrade is only 195 miles, from Bucharest to Tito's capital is 280 miles and from Sofia only 200 miles.

Tito's main defence would naturally have to be a skilful use of the mountainous country which surrounds most of his frontiers. But the way to Belgrade from Hungary is across flat plains, and it is from this direction that the greatest danger would come.

Belgrade would probably be indefensible if war comes, and Tito and his army would no doubt retire to the mountains in the centre of the country—they run almost down to the coast of the Adriatic —where, providing he received a constant flow of supplies from the West, he would certainly be as successful in holding out as he was against the Germans

But the Russian plan might well be to occupy the whole country as swiftly as possible, and if a great proportion of Yugoslavia came under Soviet control, the resistance of Tito would be of secondary account.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Costly Gradualism

Postponed, from time to time, the Employees' Health Insurance Scheme, which was to be introduced first in Delhi and Kanpur in last July, still stands at the point at which it was halted. It is some consolation to learn that the opposition to which the Government of Uttar Pradesh has also been a party has not yet succeeded in ensuring its abandonment by the Government of India. According to the latest report, the Central Cabinet is shortly going to reconsider this scheme. Let us hope that the Government keeps in view the interests of the working class while considering the various points raised by industrialists who have set up the opposition. The scheme has, hitherto, brought no benefits to the working class, but the Health Insurance Corporation which was established in 1948 has already cost the country seven lakhs of rupees. In addition to this expenditure, the Corporation is reported to be recruiting its staff. This makes an intriguing feature of the scheme. The expenditure must be reduced to the minimum as long as the final decision is not taken. Will the Government give thought to economy while handling a scheme which has cost much and yet yielded nothing to those for whom it is intended?

Two Per Cent Beer

The decision of the Bombay Prohibition Board that two per cent beer shall only be sold to permit-holders and that further imports of two per cent beer should not be allowed, places it under the ban by including it among alcoholic drinks. In the first place, it should never haver have been allowed as a non-alcoholic drink. The argument usually advanced in support of its tolerance was that it is impossible to prevent liquids from fermenting to two per cent. Fruit juices, buttermilk and many other innocuous drinks always acquired this alcoholic content if they were left standing for a few hours. But this bit of special pleading did not justify the use of the word "Beer" which was intended to create the impression that the fermentation here is something special. We do not know whether permit-holders will be greatly thrilled by the news but it does strike us that the individuals who can get a higher percentage of alcohol, are not likely to choose two per cent beer. There has been of late a number of complaints about discrimination in allotting the number of units to different applicants. The position can be utilised to reach a fairly satisfactory solution by directing that part of every unit shall be filled with a certain proportion of two per cent beer. This should help to retrieve the first error of allowing two per cent beer by opening an escape for the trade and at the same time keep down the consumption of high alcohol content drinks.

Sadhus' Service

Mr B. G. Kher, Chief Minister, has made a commendable move to harness the energy of sadhus to the national effort. Speaking at a reception to His Holiness Shri Swami Sivananda Saraswati, Mr. Kher said that those who served the world had the right to be maintained by the world. But he asked the Sadhus and Sanyasins to serve the country "instead of remaining idle". It requires a great deal of courage to say a thing like this and Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru not very long ago brought down the wrath and protests of lawyers when he said that they were not an essential part of society. It is not likely that the Sadhus will raise any loud objection because the tribe is not given to the political expedient of passing resolutions. But long accustomed to doing no work, as the world accounts it, they are not likely to change their habits overnight. Mr. Kher is reported to have said that if the sadhus in the country, who can be counted by their thousand engaged in the right kind of action, the face of this country, would be changed. The question is, do we want the face of this country changed? And do we want the kind of change which the sadhus could be expected to bring about? A change in the sadhus—we take it that it is meant to be a change for the better—would increase in the general population the number of Marys rather than the Marthas. That would mean a number of complications for the ordinary householder whose cares are of this world and whose mule-like drudgery is the axis round which the world revolves. India, moreover, is not short of man-power. The sudden energising of thousands of sadhus will throw the country out of gear.

World's Eyes Turn To 'Land Of The Lamas'

CURTAIN GOES UP: REDS MARCH ON

BY V. C. NATARAJAN

THE curtain over Tibet, the land of monks and monasteries, mystery and mysticism, is slowly lifting to unveil for the first time in the history of the 550-year-old rule of the Dalai Lamas, the existence of a strong leftist opposition group.

This group stands for introduction of constitutional and economic reforms and general educational advancement of the masses.

The right-wing group, at present in power, desires to maintain the age-old rule of Lamas and lay officials who, in the technical sense, represent no one but themselves. Their selection or election is dependent on pleasure of the Dalai Lama and his Council of Ministers.

Tibet today is faced with an unenviable choice—either to adapt itself to changing circumstances in the light of the political evolution of the world or fight for preserving her seclusion and preventing "foreign influence" to seep into the illiterate masses.

The land of the lamas has been influenced very little by the advance of democracy in Asia and elsewhere in the world. Its government is in the hands of a few trusted Lamas and lay officials whose fidelity is to the Dalai Lama.

The late Panchen Lama who fled to Tsinghai in 1923 and died in exile in 1937.

Chain Of Relations

Almost all the nobles, Lamas and lay officials are related to the Dalai Lamas from yore. The present Dalai Lamas' family has a special status and some of them have already become dignitaries due to their relationship to the spiritual and temporal head of the state.

Lhasa, capital city of Tibet, is now in a gay mood with lavish entertainments on a generous scale by Tibetan officials and nobles to celebrate the autumnal equinox.

Banquets, with great pomp and show, dances, and ballads by minstrels, mark the festivities known as "Dung-Khar-Yerkil" lasting from ten days to a month.

Dalai Lama

Behind this fun and frolic—which is also a form of thanksgiving for a rich harvest of the wheat and barley crops—is the shadow of the "liberation" of Tibet by China.

News from Lhasa and other parts of this 463,000 square-mile table land inhabited by about 3,000,000 people travels faster today than ever before. The other is humming with dots and dashes between Delhi and Lhasa, and Delhi and Peking, and a correct combination may give the key to the "liberation" query raised by China.

The telegraph lines from Lhasa to Kalimpong also carry news of developments covering a vast stretch of territory from Kham in Eastern Tibet to Tyot in far-flung Changthan of Western Tibet, bordering Ladakh.

Rival Group

Tibetan officials—both of the monk category and the lay class—arriving here in the past three months were for long silent over the existence of an opposition group within the Kashag, the cabinet of the Regent, Takta Rimpoche.

First admission of an opposition among the people to the Regent came from Kungho Surkhang Depon, leader of the Tibetan Trade Mission to India, who in an interview, said: "It is possible some people in Tibet are against the Regent just as in India there are people in opposition to the Nehru Government..."

Reports from the Tibetan capital as well as the recent statement of Communist Chinese Prime Minister Chow En-Lai suggest, however, that the opposition group is gaining more and more support daily.

Prime Minister Chu En-Lai, in his message to 'Pravda', the official Soviet journal, on the occasion of the first anniversary of the Chinese Peoples Republic, said: "The liberation of Tibet is an essential measure for China's security. China will endeavour to carry it out through peaceful negotiations. Patriotic elements in Tibet welcome this, and we hope that the local Tibetan authorities will not delay any longer in order that the question be settled peacefully".

Here is an analysis of the present situation in Tibet:

The 75-year-old Regent Takta Rimpoche has delegated almost all his powers to the right-wing group of which the most prominent is Tsepon Shakabpa, at present leader of the Tibetan delegation charged with negotiating an agreement with Communist China.

Other Officials

Shakabpa is one of the senior lay officers of the Tibetan Government, on the Finance side. An obscure official, dabbling in private trade a few years ago, Shakabpa came into prominence after the death of Reting, the former Regent, who died mysteriously in 1947. Takta Rimpoche was equally an unknown Lama of a small monastery who had for a long time been the spiritual Guru of Shakabpa, who in his turn, played the role of a "patron"—similar to the role played by the old Emperors of China in their relationship to the Dalai Lama.

The rise of Shakabpa was rather meteoric. With the steady decline of the Kuomintang in China, Shakabpa and a few trusted colleagues of his—Truchi panda Tshang, Tzechag Khemchung Thubten Gyalpo, Surkhang Depon and Lachag Taring—planned a tour of the United States and the European continent. Shakabpa and his group toured America and Europe in 1948, and came back in early 1949.

With an uncanny foresight and the precision of a mathematician, Shakabpa tried in vain for admission to the United Nations Organisation during his brief stay in Paris while the General Assembly was in session.

The only success of his whole tour was in being able to bring into Tibet a very large quantity of gold on the Tibetan Government's account.

American industrialists and financiers, who expected large orders from the Tibetan Trade Mission headed by Shakabpa and who in anticipation gave mammoth receptions and arranged nationwide tours, were chagrined to find that the "only large orders" placed by the mission were for a dozen suits, a few Stetson hats and asserted ties!

Mission To Chiang

Meanwhile, the Communist Chinese Liberation Forces had occupied almost all of West China and Sinkiang. Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek was in Formosa. At this juncture, a high Tibetan official was sent to meet Generalissimo Chiang. This official made a statement that the Tibetan army was 20 000 strong, but it was required to be reinforced for defence purposes. The same official made an appeal for assistance, particularly to the United States and Britain.

World attention on Tibet was also focussed by the expulsion of the KMT mission in Lhasa. This action was explained by the Tibetan Government with the plea that the members of the mission were Communists! Though Tibet pleased Chiang temporarily, it did hurt Mao Tse-tung, the President of the Chinese Peoples Republic.

This was the beginning of the negotiations in Delhi, Shakabpa had maintained an anti-Communist stand, though he was hopeful of an agreement with Peking, whereby Tibets's independence would be undisturbed.

On the other hand, the situation in Tibet itself may be described as one of acute political tension and uneasiness among the Shakabpa group.

During the past six months, a campaign has been in progress in and around Tibet for the return of the Panchen Lama of the Kumbum monastery in Tsinghai, as also for the introduction of political and economic reforms.

Leading this movement has been the "rebel" monks of the Sera and Reting monasteries who fled from Tibet proper to West China in 1947. Monks of these two monasteries rose in revolt following in mysterious death of Reting Rimpoche, a young Lama of great talent and reformist tendencies, who was regent for nearly 12 years—following the death of the 13th Dalai Lama.

This rebellion was put down with a heavy hand by the present Regent, Takta Rimpoche, and hundreds of monks were shot dead by the Tibetan military.

Takta Rimpoche, the present Regent of Tibet.

Rateng Rimpoche, late regent of Tibet whose death in 1947 was full of mystery

"The Clique"

The real leaders of the movement against the right-wing group are within the Kashag, the Cabinet of the Regent. At present they do not desire their names to be known openly for obvious reasons.

The present ruling clique is aware of their reformist tendencies but those in power cannot take any action against the two principal leaders—one is the senior-most monk officer and the other is the senior-most lay official—because they are too popular to be done away with.

These two Tibetan officials, according to well-informed sources, are not of communist leanings. They want the return of the Panchen Lama; they want the present "monopoly" of Government by a few Tibetan monks and officers to be broken.

They would welcome Communist China's influence over Tibet—it would once for all end the centuries-old traditions of subservience by the masses to the titular lamas and landed gentry. It would end a type of slavery that is known only in Tibet—the giving up of the first issue of a family to the monasteries. It would end, above all, the illiteracy of the Tibetan masses as also tight clamp on their freedom of expression.—PTI-FEATURE.

PEACEFUL OPPOSITION WILL NOT BE PUT DOWN

Home Minister's Assurance In Bombay Assembly

BUT NO WITHDRAWAL OF PREVENTIVE MEASURES DURING ELECTIONS

POONA, Oct. 26 (PTI).

THE Home Minister, Mr. Morarji Desai, declared in the State Assembly the Government did not apprehend that democratic, constitutional and peaceful opposition was or would be put down by its officers under the Preventive Detention Act.

He was replying to a question by Mr. P. K. Bhapkar regarding measures to ensure free and fair election.

The Home Minister replied in the negative to a question from the member whether Government proposed "to withdraw all legislation which curtails the civil liberties of the citizens in view of the forthcoming elections."

Asked whether the State Government had made any suggestions for any amendments in the Preventive Detention Act, the Minister said it would not be in public interest to disclose the information asked for.

Mr. Bhapkar asked "What steps, if any, has Government taken to see that any terrorization under this Act does not thwart fair and free elections"?

Mr. Desai answered that Government deprecated the suggestion that "there will be terrorization under the Preventive Detention Act, with a view to thwarting fair and free elections".

Government, he said, had not received any specific complaint against any officer regarding maladministration under the Preventive Detention Act.

SUICIDES

The Home Minister, Mr. Morarji Desai said today over 7,600 persons committed suicide in Bombay State during 1945-49. Of this nearly 3,800 were women.

The reasons that lead the men to suicide, Mr. Desai told the Legislative Assembly, were poverty, domestic troubles and prolonged sickness.

Ill treatment by husbands and relatives, poverty and incurable diseases were some of the causes of suicide by women.

He said also that 35 students of whom 31 were boys, committed suicide during those five years.

QUESTION: Does Government propose relaxing the rigours of examinations to stop students from committing suicide?.

ANSWER: "It is nowhere stated that rigours of examinaiton were the only cause of students committing suicide".

The U.P.I. adds:

In reply to a question, the Home Minister said that the nature of composition of new judicial service, rules governing recruitment and scales of salaries of officers appointed to it were under consideration of Government.

SUGAR DEFICIT

The Industries Minister Mr. M. M. Naik-Nimbalkar, said that annual requirements of Bombay State in respect of sugar were 1,25,000 tons while the existing 14 sugar factories in the State produced nearly one lakh ton on an average annually. He further said that sugar was not exported from the Province.

Shri G. D. Tapase, Minister for Fisheries revealed that 6,568 vessels and harbour crafts were registered at Bombay and elsewhere in the State during years 1946 to 1949. The Minister further said that the total number of fishing vessels and crafts in the State today was 40,292, having 3,52,385 tonnage.

ILLICIT TAPPING

Shri L. M. Patil, Bombay's Excise Minister admitted that some cases of illicit tapping of palm trees had come to the notice of the Government. To prevent such tapping, the Minister added, Government was carrying on propaganda against illicit tapping.

Nothing In Haste

POONA, Oct. 26 (PTI).

The Law Minister, Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, refuted in the State Council today the criticism that legislation was pushed through by Government without affording sufficient time for its consideration.

SIX MONTHS' R.I. FOR CORRUPTION

Export Control Official In Trouble

NEW DELHI, Oct. 26 (PTI): Lal Singh Nagi, an administrative officer employed in the office of the Controller of Exports under the Ministry of Commerce, Government of India, was sentenced by the Additional District Magistrate of Delhi today to six months' rigorous imprisonment on a charge of corruption.

Nagi was later released on bail by the Sessions Judge of Delhi against a surety of Rs. 10,000 in two sureties and a personal bond of the same amount.

According to the prosecution, the special police establishment of the Government of India received information that the accused was accepting bribes from people in cash and also by way of entertainments. The police, on March 15, 1950, laid a trap at Kutub Minar, 11 miles from here, where the accused, accompanied by three girls, was spotted out in a restaurant in the evening. In a surprise raid, the police recovered three currency notes each of Rs. 100 from his pocket.

The Magistrate in the course of his judgment observed: "Corruption is a dangerous malady which can only be cured by the application of strong remedies. A public servant who is dishonest is not only disloyal to his country, but false to his Maker".

R

For selling Cloth at a higher than the controlled rate, MANJI KORSI was convicted and fined Rs. 5,000.

For selling bread unauthorisedly, HUSSAIN KASAM was convicted and sentenced to four weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

For unauthorised possession of ration cards and for drawing illegal rations, RAMCHANDRA SONU BHOJANE was sentenced undergo two weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH

NEW YORK, Oct. 26

Previous closing	.....	39.55
Today's opening	.....	39.61
Difference	.....	+06
Today's closing	.....	39.68
Difference	.....	+13

Stop Press

GUN CRASHES DOWN A TOWER

LONDON, Oct. 26 (PTI-Reuter): A gun which is to shoot at the moon injured an earth-man today. The ten-ton anti-aircraft gun, from which a radar set is to fire pulsations to the moon during next year's festival of Britain, crashed 120 feet down the well of a tower. One workman was injured and taken to hospital.

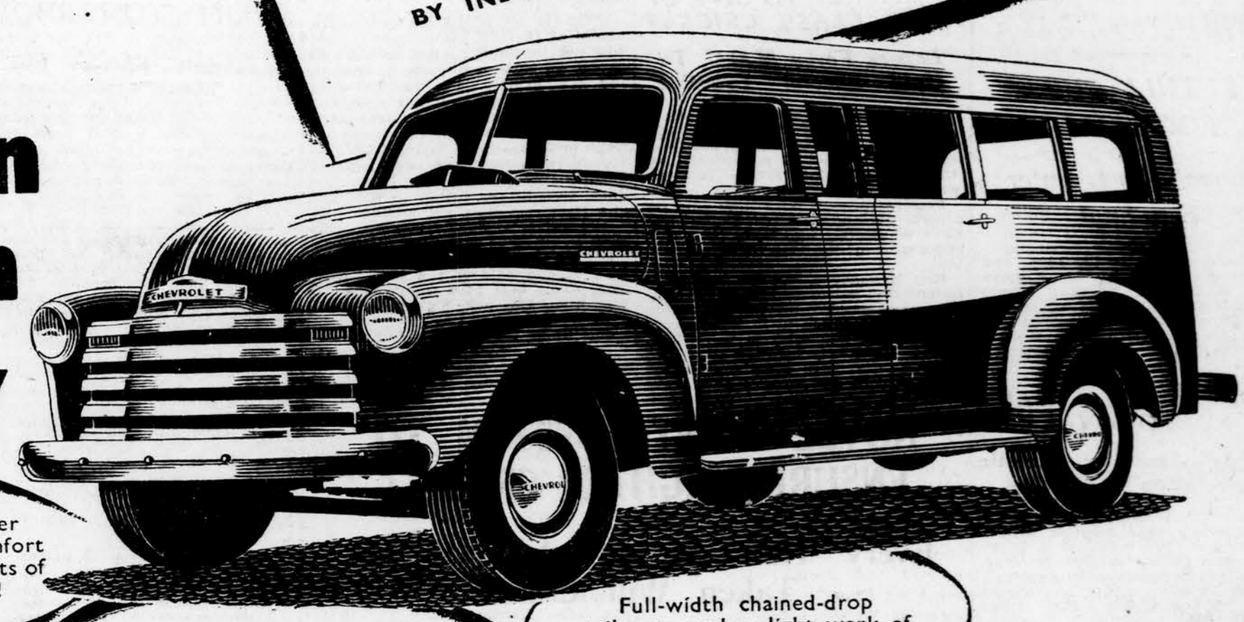
WORKERS INJURED

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 26 (PTI): Nine labourers were injured—two seriously—when the roof of an extension of a stadium gave way.

Announcing a New General Motors product...

The All-Indian All-Purpose Steel Station Wagon Body

MANUFACTURED IN INDIA BY INDIAN WORKMEN FROM MATERIALS PRODUCED IN INDIA



Big, removable foam-rubber seats giving ride-on-air comfort to driver and passengers— lots of room for luggage, too!

Plenty of ventilation with eight big full-drop windows—plus oversize rear window for road-width rear vision!

Full-width chained-drop tail gate makes light work of bulky loads!

... And, of importance too, mounted on the popular CHEVROLET chassis with the mighty 6-cylinder Thrift Master engine, powerful hydraulic brakes, and steering column finger-tip gear control!

GM GENERAL MOTORS INDIA

Now available from your Chevrolet dealer

GENERAL MOTORS INDIA LIMITED
Sewree, Bombay

Serving the nation's transport needs for over 22 years from our factory at Bombay.

DEALERS:

The Bombay Garage Ltd., Chowpatty, BOMBAY.
The Bombay Garage (Ahmedabad) Ltd., Shahibag Road, AHMEDABAD.
The Bombay Garage (Poona) Ltd., 11, Elphinstone Road, POONA.
The Bombay Garage (C.P.) Ltd., Raghavendrarao Road, NAGPUR 1.
The Bombay Garage (Rajkot) Ltd., Gondal Road, RAJKOT.
Sarosh Limited, King's Road, AHMEDNAGAR.
Western Indian States Motors Ltd., JODHPUR.
Noshirwan & Co., Ltd., Maharani Road, INDORE.
Shri Laxmi Automobiles Ltd., KOLHAPUR.
India Motors Ltd., Kutchery Road, AJMER.
P. G. Virgincar & Companhia, Margao, GOA.

Bombay's Last Hope Fades Away

SHELL SUCCUMB IN ROVERS CUP QUARTER-FINAL REPLAY

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The final hope of Bombay having some chance of winning, or even making a fight for the Rovers Soccer Cup burnt out with the defeat this evening at the Cooperage of Burmah-Sheil by the Hyderabad Police in the last quarter final which was replayed. Hyderabad won by three goals to one and are due to meet Lahore Raiders in the semi-final on Saturday, October 28.

With the Aryans meeting Wimco tomorrow, Friday and Lahore Raiders encountering Hyderabad Police the Rovers Cup has no idea of where its home will be for the next year. Both the Aryans and the Raiders have glorious chances of bagging the Cup, but I think that Calcutta will not let their grip go on this magnificent trophy.

There was little hope of Shell mastering the Hyderabad defence this evening, but their game fight against a provincially stronger side earns them an honour and a memory that will not be forgotten.

Centre half Vaidya played extremely well, while Maxie proved that he is an asset to any forward line. For the winners Laiq and Sussay stole honours in attack, while Aziz held the deep defence well.

Hyderabad opened their account in the fifth minute through Laiq, the right inner. But this was a disputed goal as Santiago appeared to be in a muddle. He thought that Laiq was off side and appealed for the same.

The twenty first minute of play was Shell equalizer through Maxie Fernandes who pushed the ball past two defenders and had the ball well lifted into goal past a helpless custodian, who could have saved had he expected the ball.

Two minutes later Hyderabad again forged into the lead with Laiq who had moved into the centre forward position accepted a cross pass from Sussay, who was running down the left wing. Angelo the Shell defender was to blame for this goal as he muffed up in clearing the ball.

It was truly a game battle in which the fortunes of the game swung in turns. Shell fought back determinedly and very nearly earned the reward in the second period. Maxie worked his way, on his own, well into Hyderabad's territory, but just when about to score he was foiled, but the ball rolled over to Hari, who shot over the cross bar from close in. At this moment every Shell supporter and Hari himself were all cold like cucumbers. A chance in a million was lost.

Hyderabad did not take things easy and made attempts to strengthen their position. It was only in the twenty fifth minute of play that Sussay consolidated his side's position from a rebound of Santiago, after he had been tested by Laiq with a powerful drive.

Five minutes before this goal was obtained Middlecoat was injured when he collided with Aziz, but returned after medical attention.

The teams were:

HYDERABAD POLICE: Eryya; Aziz, Fruvall, Azam, Jamal, Noor, Abdulla, Laiq, Sussay, Mahmood.

BURMAH-SHELL: Santiago; St. Anne, Angelo, Pullical, Vaidya, Francis, Michael, Rego, M. Fernandes, Middlecoat, Hari.

Referee: Mr. Mani.

PUTHLI CUP FOOTBALL

National Sports Enter Semifinal

BOMBAY Thursday.

Scoring two goals in the first and second half through K. A. Bangera and S. M. Shriyan, National Sports Club "A" entered semi-final of the Puthli Cup Tournament played this evening at oval defeating Kanara Young Footballers "A" the holders.

10,000 METRES WALK ROUND OVAL

Bombay Amateur Athletic Association's Venture

BOMBAY Thursday.

The Bombay State Amateur Athletic Association has arranged a 10,000 metres walk round the Oval on Sunday the 5th November 1950, starting at 7 a.m. Intending competitors should contact Mr Ullal Rao, Taj Mahal Hotel Bombay.

Delhi T.T. Team In Karachi

KARACHI, Oct. 26.

The Delhi and District Sports table tennis team arrived here to participate in the exhibition matches against the local teams today and tomorrow. The team, captained by Prakash Bahadur, has already visited Lahore.—PTI.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

3-45 p.m. Vandemataram vs. National 'A'.

5 p.m. Wimco (Madras) vs. Aryans (Calcutta) (Rovers Semi-final).

Fourth Day Of Delhi Races

13 ACCEPTORS FOR CUP EVENT

NEW DELHI Oct 26.

Following are the acceptances for the fourth day of Delhi Autumn Meeting to be held on Sunday, October 29.

THE HAPUR PLATE (Div. II) 5 Furlongs.

Madhu 9.0, Miss Primorose 9.0, Madhubala 8.11, Govind Hari 8.10, Anuradha 8.10, Chakravarti 8 10. Chandrajeet 8.9, Phuljhari 8.2, Cheerful 7.0, Sweet Marie 7.0 and Burry Lot 7.0.

THE BARLILLY PLATE (Div. 1) —7 Furlongs).

Bishop's Lot 9.1, My Fancy 8.13, Ram Rattan 8.13, Plucky Princess 8.12, Vijay Hind 8.10, Bellona 8.10, Bharam Khan 8.5 Jam-a-Jum 8.3, Fair Boy 8.3, Fair Lion 8.1, Ranjit Dulari 7.12 and Mystery 7.11.

THE BAREILLY PLATE (Div. II)—7 Furlongs.

Madhu 9.0, Shropshire Lad 9.0, Lucky Glitters 8 12, Padshah Begum 8.10, Pillar of Honour 8.10, Phulkagi 8.10, Lotus 8.9, Baljit 8.9, My Krishen 8.7, Kanpur Lass 8.4, Care Call 7 7, Frazer 7.2 and Matches 7.0.

THE DEFENCE SERVICE CUP—1 mile.

Adjutant 9.4, Celerity 9.2, Salamat 9.1, Berkely Hunt 8.12, Bishop's Lot 8.10, Respect 8.0, Fair Lion 7.10, Sherinia 7.6, Chandrashekhar 7.3, Steno 7.2, Maqbul 7.0, Saraswati 7.0 and Gul-a-rana 7.0.

THE MORADABAD PLATE.—5 Furlongs.

Filibuster 9.4, Horizon 9.3, Phone Again 8.9, Cabra Girl 8.9, Algiers 8.0, Jamna 7.13, Para 7.11, Shai 7.6 and Shelldrake 7.4.

THE HAPUR PLATE (Div. 1)—5 Furlongs.

Neemphool 9.4, Ram Rattan 9.1, Plucky Princess 9.0, First Entry 8.10, Tinker Bell 8.9, Visvan 6.6 Chanod star 8.3 Ranjit Dulari 8.0, Feeler 7.13, Chandrashekhar 7.10 and Steno 7.9.

KEN McGREGOR'S MAJOR WIN

SYDNEY, (By Mail)—In his first major title success, Davis Cup team "spare", George Worthington, convincingly defeated Cup Star, Ken McGregor, to take the final of the Metropolitan singles here.

Worthington matched McGregor in every department of the game with the exception of the service.

Worthington used every part of the court when serving or attacking off-ground shots, while McGregor was inclined to attack only the backhand corner.

HAMMENCE TO GIVE UP FIRST CLASS CRICKET

Lapses Force M.C.C. To Hold Special Practice

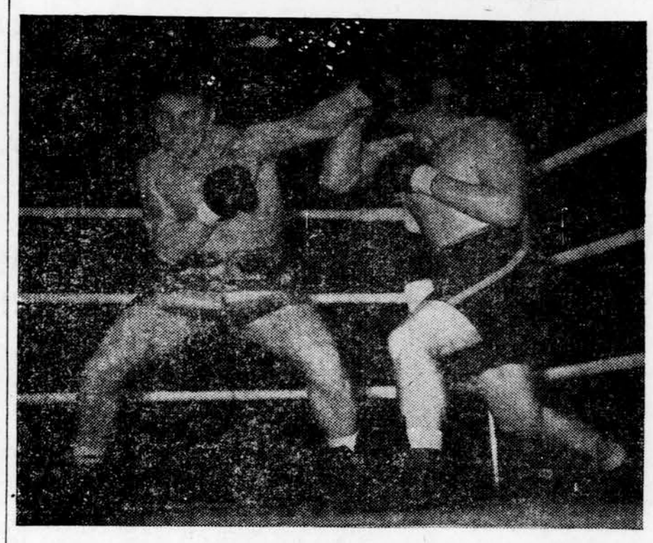
ADELAIDE, Oct. 26 (PTI-Reuter).

Following recent fielding lapses, MCC skipper R. Brown held a special fielding practice today in preparation for the match against South Australia which begins here tomorrow.

Practice pitches were too soft for general use and only Len Hutton and Cyril Washbrook who make their first appearance of the tour tomorrow, batted.

Ron Hammence, South Australia's former test batsman, announced that because of business reasons this match will be his farewell to first class cricket. Hammence, who is thirty-four, has been a steady batsman for South Australia for some years and toured England with the Australians in 1948.

FIGHT FOR VACANT TITLE



Don Cockell of Battersea recently won the vacant British light-heavy title (Freldie Mills was the retiring champ) knocking out Mork Hart in the fourteenth of a 15-round contest. Picture shows Don mising with a terrific straight left

"Times Of India" Table Tennis

SAM MOTIWALA WINS HIS FIRST OPEN TITLE

Mrs. Nasikwala, Miss Bocarro & Dyer Claim Two Events Each

(By Our Table Tennis Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Thursday.

SAM MOTIWALA, the young and promising table tennis player who took to the game only four years ago, achieved the ambition of his career by winning his first open singles title, when this evening in the final of the "times of India" Open Table Tennis Tournament, he outplayed the home club's leading player Deochand Somaya in three straight games.

Having beaten the holder H. M. Khanchand last evening, Sam's performance crowns his efforts at perseverence, for he has taken great pains to improve his game, and after four years can now be described as possessing almost every stroke that the game can boast of.

Top-spinning his way through difficult positions, and defending with half-volley returns, Sam proved to be more than a match for Somaya who tried his level best to pierce through the Parsee Gymkhana player's magnificent defence, but to no avail.

Three games sufficed to end this year's final.

The mixed doubles final proved to be the most thrilling encounter seen so far in the event in this tournament. Ossie Dyer and Miss Enid Bocarro, one of the leading combinations in the country after winning the first game against Somaya and Miss Jaya Walawalkar lost the next two games, and when everything looked dismal for them, the two rallied splendidly to recover in the fourth game, which they claimed at the expense of fifteen points.

When the teams changed over in the middle of the last game, Dyer and Enid were leading 10-2, and looked well set for an easy victory, but Samaya and Jaya bagged the next eight points to the surprise of everyone, and the game now assumed an open character. Right till the very end, Somaya and Jaya were in the lead, of one or two points, but two errors of judgment in returning the chops of Enid, brought the match to an end, and Dyer and Enid yet another title.

The women's doubles championship went as usual to Mrs. Gool Nasikwala and Enid Boccarro, thus giving the two their second title of the tournament. They easily beat Miss Indu Desai and Mrs. Mani Bharucha in three straight games.

The junior event was annexed by S. L. Bajaj, who in the absence of Thakersey and Lulla was the favourite for the title. He lost the first game to his opponent S.K. Ganesh in the final this evening, but made no mistake in the next two, which he won for the loss of only 16 and 14 points in the two respective games.

Mr. J. H. Harris, Business Manager of Messrs. Bennet Colman Co. Ltd., and the Chairman of the "Times of India" Sports Club, presided and distributed the prizes.

The following were the results:—

MEN'S SINGLES FINAL

S. N. Motiwala beat D. Samaya, 21-15, 21-19, 23-21.

MIXED DOUBLES FINAL

O. Dyer and Miss Enid Bocarro beat D. Somaya and Miss Jaya Walawalkar 21-14, 19-21, 22-24, 21-15, 22-20.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES FINAL

Mrs. Gool Nasikwala and Miss Enid Bocarro beat Miss Indu Desai and Mrs. Mani Bharucha, 21-12, 21-19, 21-10.

JUNIOR'S SINGLES FINAL

S.L. Bajaj beat S.K. Ganesh, 16-21, 21-16, 21-14.

DAVAR COLLEGE T.T. STARTS TOMORROW

Seventy Entries For Men's Singles

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Most of the leading local table tennis players have entered for the Davar College of Commerce Open Tournament, which commences at the popular venue, the St. Xavier's College Hall this Saturday.

The draw for this tournament, which is the first held by this leading institution, incidentally as part of their Golden Jubilee celebrations this year, was held this evening.

The following are the various seeded players in order of merit in the different events:—

Men's Singles (70 Entries)

1. O. Dyer, 2. Y. S. Vyas, 3. D. Somaya, 4. B. A. Laljee, 5. S. K. Thakersey, 6. N. B. Mistry, 7. S. B. Jog and 8. S. V. Gaoker.

Men's Doubles (15 Entries)

1. O Dyer and Soli Shroff 2. B.A. Laljee and S. N. Motiwala, 3. Y. S. Vyas and N. B. Mistry and 4. S. K. Thakersey and Ai. I. Jacob.

Women's Singles (14 Entries)

1. Miss Indu Desai, 2. Mrs. Mani Bharucha, 3. Miss Mani Dastur and 4. Miss Sillo Motiwala.

Women's Doubles (8 Entries)

1. Mrs. Gool Nasikwala and Miss Enid Bocarro and 2. Mrs. Mani Bharucha and Miss Indu Desai.

Mixed Doubles (15 Entries)

O. Dyer and Miss Enid Bocarro, 2. S. N. Motiwala and Miss Silloo Motiwala, 3. Soli Shroff and Mrs. Bharucha and 4. B. A. Laljee and Miss Mehru Ghasvala.

No seeding were made in the juniors singles event.

Bhatia Sports To Include Billiards This Year

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Bhatia Sports Club have included a Billiards tournament in their list of annual tournaments which till last year were conducted in Tennis, Badminton and Table Tennis.

The tournaments commence from November 15th, and entries for the same close on 10th November at 6 p.m.

The usual events including juniors singles will be held. Further particulars can be had from Mr. A. D. Nanavaty C/o. Indian Globe Insurance Company, Prospect Chambers, Fort (Telephone No. 22188).

NOVEL POINTS SYSTEM TO ENSURE BRIGHTER CRICKET

Every Run Scored And Wicket Taken Will Count

ADELAIDE, Oct. 25 (PTI-Reuter):

AN incentive points system to ensure brighter cricket will be tried here this season. The scheme was originated by Dick Pounsett, Secretary of the Prospect Club.

In addition to match points, teams will be credited with points for runs scored and wickets taken. These incentive points will be added to the match points at the rate of .01 for each run scored and .2 for each wicket taken. This means that a team will gain one point for each 100 runs and for each five wickets taken.

Match point ratings have been changed to allow six points for an outright win. four points for a win on the first innings, three for an outright tie and two points for a tie on the first innings. No provision is made for points to be gained for a drawn game.

The main value of the system, in the opinion of enthusiasts, is that every minute of play will have a bearing on the premiership because a team beaten on the first innings will still be able to make up some leeway in the fight back.

WINTER SPORTS TO BE RESUMED IN KASHMIR

NEW DELHI, Oct. 26. (PTI).

The Ski Club of India will resume its winter sports in Kashmir during the coming winter.

Considered as the "paradise" of winter sport by both Indian ski lovers and tourists the clubs headquarters in Gulmarg near Srinagar, is being renovated for the season.

The sports were stopped for civilians following partition and the consequent fighting in Kashmir. Civilian members of the club it is now learnt, will be able to participate in the skiing and other sports this season.

Necessary arrangements are being made for the winter sports lovers by the honorary secretary of the Club Mr. J. Pestonjee in Srinagar.

Lucknow Stadium Completed

LUCKNOW, Oct. 25 (PTI).

A grand circular stadium of a permanent nature costing the Lucknow Sports Association Rs. 35,000 is ready for staging the U.P. Governor's XI vs. the Commonwealth XI match at La Martiniere grounds on October 28, 29 and 30.

The stadium, having a capacity of accommodating more than 30,000 spectators, is built just in front of the historic mansion constructed by General Claud Martiniere in 1795. The ground was the venue of a cricket match fourteen years ago against Lord Tennyson's XI in 1936.

Vijay Hazare, captain of the home team will reach Lucknow tomorrow morning and will stay in the Government House.

Gul Mohammad, left-arm medium-pace bowler will reach here by tomorrow evening.

The Commonwealth team and the other members of the home team will reach here by October 27 morning and will have net practice in the evening at La Martiniere grounds.

The final team which will represent the Governor's XI will be announced after the net practice. The Commonwealth team will also be announced the same day.

The All-India Radio will relay running commentaries on the match on all the three days from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. and from 4-15 p.m. to 5-20 p.m.

Another Record Transfer Fee

LONDON Oct. 26. (PTI-Reuter): Stoke City have announced today that they had rejected an offer of 20,000 pounds by Hull City for the transfer of of Neil Franklin the Stoke and and England centre half.

The statement added that Stoke will accept any offer over 25,000 pounds for Franklin whose suspension, following his trip to Bogota, ends on January 31.

DEFENCE ACADEMY ENTERTAIN TOURISTS

One-day Match Ends In A Draw

DEHRA DUN, Oct. 26 (PTI).

In their one-day cricket match against Commonwealth team here today, the National Defence Academy team made 87 runs with only 15 minutes left before the stumps were drawn and the match ended in a draw.

Tribe captured five wickets conceding six runs.

The teams were:-

COMMONWEALTH: Worrell, Fishlock, Spooner, Dooland, Shackleton, Emmet, Ridgway, Ramadhin, Barlow, Tribe and Lakar. Twelfth man; Ikin.

NATIONAL DEFENCE ACADEMY: Wing Commander Rammunny (Captain), Cadets Nanda (wicket keeper), Mahipatsingh, Mansingh, Grewal, Mohindersingh, Sabnis, Sethi Narindersingh, Surendersingh and Rao. Twelfth man; Purandare.

The Commonwealth made a shaky start, losing Spooner when the total was two. But a bright second wicket partnership between Fishlock and Dooland put up 97 runs in just over an hour. This enabled their skipper, Worrell, to declare at lunch though wickets continued to fall at intervals.

The Academy in their first innings made sixtyfour runs for the loss of seven wickets at tea and still needed thirtyseven runs to avert a follow on.

The National Defence Academy team were all out for eighty-seven fifteen minutes before close.

Tribe and Ramadhin took charge of the attack after the tea interval. Tribe repeatedly beat Narendar Singh without doing damage, while Grewal batted enterprisingly to pull and latecut Ramadhin for fours. At 84 Ramadhin gave way to Laker. Laker claimed Grewals wicket off his second delivery. The batsman attempted to pull him, missed and was bowled. Grewal batted courageously for two hours and four minutes to collect a defiant thirty which included five fours.

The Academy innings concluded within ten minutes Tribe clean bowling Narenar Singh and Surender Singh in three balls.

Tribe claimed half the side for six runs in 10.2 overs of which eight were maidens.

COMMONWEALTH (First Innings).

Fishlock lbw Mohinder Singh 51; Spooner c Nanda b. Rao 0; Dooland c. Mahipatsingh b Grewal 48; Shackleton not out 42; Worrell b Grewal 2; Emmett c. & b. Grewal 16; Ridgway not out 11; Extras 1; TOTAL 171 (for five) declared.

Fall of wickets: 1/2, 2/99, 3/101 4/113, 5/149.

Bowling Analysis: Sethi 6/0/32/0; Rao 7/1/37/1; Grewal 13/2/40/3; Hasadnis 3/0/14/0; Mohindersingh 9/0/40/1; Surendersing 1/0/7/0

NATIONAL DEFENCE ACADEMY (1st Innings): Ramunny l.b.w. Emmett 6; Nanda b Ridgway 0; Mahipat Singh b Worrell 28; Mansingh l.b.w. Tribe 8; Hasabnis l.b.w. Tribe 0; Sethi l.b.w. Tribe 0; Mohinder Singh l.b.w. b Tribe 8; Narendra Singh b Tribe 3; Grewal b Laker 30; Surendra Singh b Tribe 1; Rao not-out 0; Extras 6; TOTAL 87.

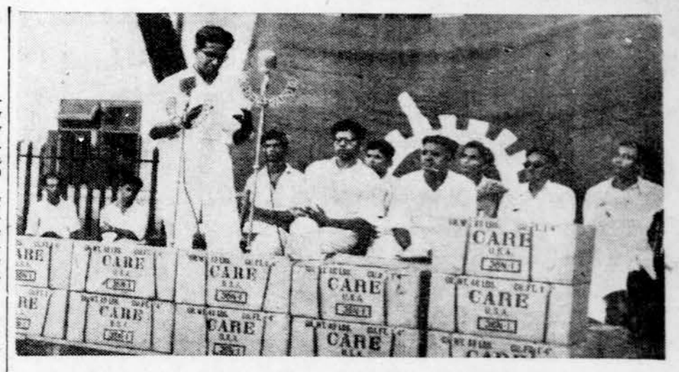
Fall of wickets: 1/1; 2/15; 3/36; 4/40; 5/60; 6/60; 7/60; 8/84; 9/86; 10/87.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: Ridgway 5-2-4-1; Shackleton 4-3-11-0; Laker 10-7-7-1; Emmett 5-1-9-1; Dooland 4-0-9-1; Worrell 3-2-1-1; Ramadhin 6-1-34-0; Tribe 10.2/8/6/5.

Trilochan Takes Punjab Police In Final

NEW DELHI, Oct. 26. (PTI).

Two brilliant goals scored by olympian Trilochan Singh, left-back off penalty corners enabled Punjab Police to reach the final of the Yadavindra Patiala Hockey Tournament this evening. They beat Gwalior Youngmen by two goals to nil in their second encounter.



Mr. S. R. Mohandas, representative of the Free Trade Union Committee in India addresses workers while presenting the CARE food packages.

U. S. LABOUR GREETS BOMBAY'S WORKERS

Presents Rs. 10,000 Worth Food Packages

BOMBAY, Thursday.

TWO hundred CARE food packages worth Rs. 10.000 were presented to the Mill Mazdoor Sabha at the Kamgar Maidan today, on behalf of two American labour organisations—the Labour League for Human Rights and the International Ladies Garment Workers, both of which are affiliated to the American Federation of Labour.

This token gift "symbolising the solidarity of the working class all over the world" was in response to an appeal during the strike, from the Mill Mazdoor Sabha for relief for the strikers. The appeal went directly to American labour leaders, including William Green, President of the A.F.L. and David Dubinsky, President of the I.L.G.W.

Each package weighing about 40 lbs. contained 10 lbs. of rice, 5 lbs. of sugar, 5 lbs. of wheat flour, 4 lbs. of dried peas, 4 lbs. of lentils, 3 lbs. of milk powder, 8 ozs. of hard candy and 2 lbs. of laundry soap.

ALLOTMENTS

In all nearly 1,000 strikers will benefit from this help. Priority will naturally go to the families of the victims of police firing during the strike including the widows and orphans. Those who were injured seriously or disabled by police firing will also receive help.

At the meeting today, Raja Kulkarni on behalf of the Sabha, presented a package to the father of Tukaram Powar, a victim of the police firing during the strike period. Another worker who was hit by a police bullet in the leg also received a package.

As the "rationed items" in the packages cannot be distributed to the workers at a public function under the present rationing laws, it is understood that the packages will be handed over to the deserving workers individually.

Messrs. D. G. Manajani, the President and Raja Kulkarni, the Secretary of the Mill Mazdoor Sabha, thanked the two American labour groups and CARE for their tangible sympathy for the cause of the suffering textile workers of Bombay.

Mr. S. R. Mohandas, Representative of the Free Trade Union Committee in India, in making the presentation of the packages, said that "this relief is much too little." However, this small relief will enable the textile workers to "feel that when any of them suffer and require aid, the free workers of the world shall not remain aloof and can be counted on for fraternal support."

Mr. Franklin Gregory, Public Relations representative of CARE, Inc. in India said that he was happy to be associated with the presentation of this gift of the American workers which was symbolic of "what American labour thinks of the strike."

MORE FOOD FOR BIHAR

PATNA October 26. (PTI): A fresh allotment of 18,500 tons of food grains has been made to Bihar by the Government of India.

It consists of 1 000 tons of rice. 12,000 tons of wheat and 5,000 tons of milo, it is officially learnt here.

This brings the total quantity of food grains so far allotted to Bihar from the Centre to 1,10,500 tons.

The movement of food grains now allotted is taking place immediately and further allotments are expected both in November and December

Tara Singh's Petition Fails

SIMLA October 26 (PTI): At the Punjab High Court today, the Chief Justice disallowed the application of Master Tara Singh praying that he be allowed to be present in person in the High Court to assist and consult his counsel on October 30 at the hearing of four petitions arising out of his case.

The application was moved yesterday under Section 561 of the Cr. P.C. read with Article 22 of the Indian Constitution.

Burmese Foreign Minister Sees Nehru

NEW DELHI, Oct. 26 (PTI).

The Burmese Foreign Minister, U. Sao Hkun Hkio, who arrived here yesterday, had another long interview with the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru today.

America Wants Fool-proof Peace Arrangement

NEW YORK Oct. 26. (PTI-Reuter): The Secretary of the United States Air Force, Mr. Thomas Finlett, declared last night that America will not stop arming until she is satisfied that a fool-proof peace arrangement has been made.

INTERNATIONAL TIN CONFERENCE

U.S. Opposes World Agreement

GENEVA, Oct. 26 (PTI-Reuter): America categorically opposed today the establishment of an international tin agreement.

The International Tin Conference opened yesterday under the auspices of the United Nations to consider a blueprint for a world agreement drafted by a fifteen-nation study group in Paris last March.

The United States delegate, Mr. Clarence W. Nichols, said that the United States Delegation regarded the conference as premature.

He added that the events in Korea had strengthened their conclusions that a serious surplus of tin was not likely in the near future and that it was difficult to devise a solution for a problem only dimly visible in the future.

Supporters of an agreement believe that maximum and minimum prices for tin should be fixed and drastic fluctuations checked.

Britain's spokesman Sir Hilton Poyton, said the British Government were anxious to support a world tin agreement on behalf of Malaya.

Mr. W. G. Fergusson of Britain, declared that his delegation had not changed its view on the desirability of an international agreement.

"We still consider it necessary" he said "to have an instrument to regulate tin production in such a way that all requirements can be met without difficulty and without creating unwanted surpluses.

IMPORT ADVISORY COUNCIL TO MEET

O.G.L. To Be Extended?

NEW DELHI, Oct. 26 (PTI).

The import Advisory Council, meeting here on October 30 will discuss, generally, the import policy to be formulated for January-June 1951 period it is learnt.

Problems relating to the import of cotton and woolen textiles, the enlargement of O G L, import licensing procedure, and the need for the greater import of essential consumers goods capital goods, drugs and medicine will also be considered.

Discussion On Food Prices

NEW DELHI, October 26 (PTI).

The Finance Minister, Mr. C. D. Deshmukh, has invited the Chief Ministers of the Punjab, Uttar Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh and Bombay to a meeting tomorrow to discuss food grain prices

Large Turn-over In Copper Shares

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Oct. 26 (PTI-Reuter): The large turnover in copper shares lifted prices to higher levels today. Fresh buying was stimulated by the striking example of benefits obtained from change of domicile as provided by dividend and profits of Messina Transvaal developments (dividend of 160 per cent for eight months as South African company is equivalent on annual basis to double that paid in 1948 and 1949 as British company).

Elsewhere, markets were subdued and recorded few minor changes in prices. Gilt-edged stocks were undecided, but some improvement was recorded by textiles, iron and steel shares on steady provincial support.

Losses of upto one and a half points in Japanese bonds reflected some nervousness concerning situation in Far East. Other foreign bonds were quietly steady.

Gold shares were overshadowed by activity in coppers. Kaffirs were mainly slightly easier.

MIXED TRADING IN ACTIVE SHARES

Scattered Evening Up Prior To Settlement

BOMBAY, Oct. 26.

The Bombay Stock Exchange opened steady and improved under scattered buying but at the rise there was some realising and quotations retreated few points but the undertone of the market was steady. In view of fortnightly settlement tomorrow, there was some evening up of open business.

At the opening Tata Steel Defds. were quoted at Rs. 1737/8 and advanced at Rs. 1745 under moderate buying but declined at Rs. 1740 on long liquidation. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 334 and after improving at Rs. 335 steadied at Rs. 334. Indian Irons opened at Rs. 31/5 and steadied at Rs. 31/4. Bengal Steels were done at Rs. 21/11 after opening at Rs. 21/15.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 948/12 and after improving at Rs. 951/4 quietened at Rs. 948/12. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 315 and after improving at Rs. 316 steadied at Rs. 315 Bombay Burmas opened at Rs. 506 and advanced at Rs. 515. Belapurs opened at Rs. 275 and steadied at Rs. 273. Scindia shares opened at Rs. 14/7 and steadied at Rs. 14/6. Associated Cements were done at Rs. 172/8

Later on there was very little business and Tata Steel Defds. were quoted at Rs. 1741/4. Bombay Burmas were quoted at Rs. 513/12. Traders were interested in reducing open business prior to the settlement.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (7-8)	950 0
Kohinoor Mills (6)	316 4
Swadeshi Mills (14)	284 0
Central India Mills (6)	247 0
Simplex Mills (11)	259 0
Indore	160 4
New Great Eastern (3-2)	158 8
Gokak (11)	244 8
Century Spinning (6)	255 10
India Bleaching (8)	174 0
Swan (20)	335 0
Finlay Mills (15)	257 0
Morarji (4-8)	165 0
Edward (15)	245 0
Meyer (12) XD	80 0
Apollo Mills (A-4)	3 5
India United Ord. (0-12-6)	12 9
India United Defd. (0-2-0)	1 15
Madhusudan (15)	153 12
Podar (9)	130 0
Khatau (5)	177 8
STEELS	
Tata Steel Ord (16) XD	333 0
Tata Steel Defd (79-5) XD	1735 0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (7-8)	139 0
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (7)	172 0
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	515 0
Belapur (8-6-0)	273 0
Shivrajpur (18)	45 4
Scindia Steam	14 4
Premier Construction (4)	116 0
Tata Chtmical	13 14
Tata Oil (1)	40 8
Indian Iron (6-12-0)	31 5
Bengal Steel (9-12-0)	21 11
British India Corp. (6-9)	9 0
India Copper	2 12 9
Wimco (11)	238 12
Alcock (28-2)	311 4
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Hydro (3)	158 8
Tata Power (25)	1612 8
Andhra Valley (30)	1455 0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MLLS	
Elphinstone (5)	57 0
Phoenix (6)	115 0
Indian Mfg. (40)	3350 0
Kurla (7-8)	107 8
Colaba (6)	88 0
New City (11)	164 6
Minerva (12)'	136 4
Bharucha	4 12
Bradbury	450 0
Bharat (2)	26 12
Mysore Defd. (4) XD	148 12
Madhavji (0-12-0)	26 0
Model Mills (12-8)	155 0
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	596 4
Vishnu Cotton (6)	207 8
Western India (40)	3005 0
Standard (15)	240 0
Sholapur (200)	3060 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8-0)	25 0
Hindustan Mills (40) XD	3410 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	51 12
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	240 0
Sassoon Silk (2-10) XD	34 8
New Union Mills (0-8)	23 0
Madhusudan S (2-8)	32 0
Shrinivas Mills (12-8)	190 0
Raja Bahadur (4)	60 0
Berar	255 0
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	111 14
Ahmedabad New XD	109 4
Surat Electric (5)	138 2
Karachi Electric (2)	127 8
Broach (0-5)	6 2
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 4
Amalgamated (0-12)	11 10
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	27 0
Poona Electric Supply (5-2)	126 4
Bombay Suburban (3)	13? 6
Jalgaon	10 10
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (40)	1991 4
Imperial Bank P. (10)	492 8
Central Bank P. (10)	82 12
Central Bank New (1-8)	82 0
Bank of India (4)	178 8
Union (0-5)	7 2
Baroda (2-8)	127 12
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	85 0
United Commercial (1-8	45 8
Jaipur Bank (1-8)	27 0
Hindustan Commercial	22 8
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-9)	90 0
INSURANCE SHARES	
Oriental (125)	4960 0
Empire (10)	615 0
New India (2)	66 4
Jupiter (0-12)	12 14
Vulcan (0-10)	13 2
B.I.C.	16 5
Industrial and Prudential	28 4
Neptune	7 0
New Great	18 4
All India General	8 0
RAILWAY SHARES	
C. P. (1-14) XD	111 0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steam (10)	240 0
Bombay Burma New (5)	171 4
Burma (Petrol)	1 9 0
Mackenzie (6)	90 0
Port Canning (3)	51 12
Kemp and Co. (30)	342 4
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	94 8
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	85 0
Dharamsey Chemical (4)	60 8
Mukund Iron	5 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	12 0
Alembic (15)	120 0
Supreme Industries	84 0
Bombay Uganda	65 8
Indian Cement (1937)	25 0
Walchand Nagar Industries (15)	167 8
United Motor	28 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	785 0
Hydary Construction	19 2 6
Mahamadi Steam	100 0
Gujerat Motor	26 0
Sardar Carbonic XD	750 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrella Batteries	37 8
National Rayon	67 0
Bombay Cycle	34 0
Jost Co.	76 0
Digvijay Cement	70 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6) XD	195 0
Andhra Valley (7)	1248 12
Tata Power (7-8)	1371 4
Hydro Electric (7) XD	133 12
Bombay Steamer (6)	230 0
Central India (5)	631 4
Swadeshi Mills	130 0
Vishnu Mills (7)	675 0
Laxmi	268 12
New Great Mills (5-8)	215 0
Podar Mills (4)	95 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	108 12
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	345 0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	133 12
Pre Construction First	101 0
Pre Construction 2nd Pref.	98 0
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	136 14
Walchandnagar	126 4
Jupiter	12 15
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	102 8
Mackenize (first)	92 0
Mackenzie (2)	85 0
Ahmedabad Advance	127 8
Mysore Mill	41 0
Standard	90 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	99 8
Morarji	94 8
National Rayon	80 0
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	101 4
Rubber Planting	
Bombay Steamer	98 14
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	101 0
Walchandnagar (6)	106 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	3 1 0
New Victoria Mill	1 12
New Victoria Pref.	3 12
Phalton (8)	120 8
Gold Mohor (20)	285 0
New Kaisari Hind	325 0
Sajjan Mills	115 0
Osmanshahi	115 0
Ajam Shahi	110 0
Air Services	4 0
Air India Tata	65 0
Hind Motor	6 0
Walchand Motor	53 ?
India Steam	7 9
Tata Locomotive	98 8
Killick Industries	128 8

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, Oct. 26.

The local bullion market was fairly steady with restricted business. At the opening forward silver was quoted at Rs. 182 and after improving at Rs. 182/4 declined at Rs. 181/12 and steadied at Rs. 181/14. There was scattered long liquidation. Ready Mint silver was quoted at Rs. 181/14 and Bullion was placed at Rs. 180/6. Forward gold opened at Rs. 109/2 and after improving at Rs. 109/6 quietened at Rs. 109 and steadied at Rs. 109/2. Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 109/4 and sovereigns were done at Rs. 74/12.

Later on there was heavy selling pressure and the demand being poor prices recorded a sharp decline at the close as under.

Ready Silver	180	2	0
Ready forward	180	12	0
Ready Gold	208	4	0
Ready forward	108	2	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 26.

The local produce market was irregular with a further drop in groundnuts. Castorseeds were steady and Rajkot quotation was Rs. 225-8. Quotations in the local market were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS			
Khandesh quality	41	4	0
Madras	40	8	0
Bold Ready	40	4	0
November	39	14	0
Bold December	38	2	0
Bold January	37	13	0
Oil Bombay Mills	22	0	6
Oil Railway Receipts	21	2	0
Oil November	21	4	0
Oil December	20	8	0
LINSEED			
Bold Ready	41	14	0
Ready Satna	40	6	0
November	42	1	0
December	42	1	0
Oil	21	14	0
CASTORSEEDS			
Bold Ready	34	0	0
Madras	37	2	0
November	37	2	0
Oil First Pressure	20	0	0
Oil Bazar quality	19	0	0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY Oct. 26.

	Rs.	as	ps
2-1/3% 1954	98	14	0
2-1/2% 1955	99	10	0
2½% 1961	96	12	0
2½% 1960	99	2	0
2½% 1962	98	13	0
3% 1970	95	8	0
3% 1955 Con.	96	0	0
3% 1951/54	101	2	0
3% 1953/55	101	8	0
3% 1957	101	3	0
3% 1959/61	100	8	0
3% 1963/65	99	8	0
3% 1964	99	9	0
3% 1966/68	99	5	0
3% 1970/75	99	1	0
3½% 1954/59	104	0	0
4% 1960/70	109	2	0
4-1/2% 1955/60	109	6	0
4% 1958/68	112	4	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
2% Bombay 1962	99	3	0
3% Bombay 1960	99	7	0
2½% U.P. 1961	96	14	0
3½% Madras 1961	96	14	0
3% Bombay 1961	96	14	0
3% Bombay 1955	100	12	0
3% Bombay 1958	100	4	0
3% Punjab 1952	102	0	0
3% Madras 1952/53	100	8	0
3% U.P. 1952	100	8	0
3% C.P. 1952	100	8	0
3% N.W.F. 1952	100	0	0
3% U.P. 1961/66	99	2	0
MUNICIPAL			
3-1/4 % 1977	98	13	0
4% B.P.I.	109	8	0
4% B. Municipality	109	4	0
5% B. Municipality	113	0	0
6% B. Municipality 1954	112	0	0

Indian Stock Exchange

CLOSING QUOTATIONS AT 1-30 P.M.

BOMBAY, Oct. 26.

Tata Ordinary 334-8 Tata Deferred 1743-12 Indian Iron 31-5 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 22-14 Bombay Dyeing 950 Central India 248 Gokak 244 Kohinoor 315 Simplex 259 Swadeshi 285 Tata Power 1612-8 Associated Cement 172-8 Belapur 272-8 Bombay Burma (Old) 516-4 Scindia 14-9 Central Bank 83-8 New India 66 Tata 2nd Pref. 138-12.

Art Silk Yarn

BOMBAY, Oct. 26.

120 Ready Japan	7	2	0
150 Ready Jajan	7	4	0
120 Ready Italy	6	14	0
150 Ready Italy			
2/40 Staple Oct	6	12	0

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, October 26.

MILLS—

Apollo 3/2 3/6/6 3/4/6 3/5
Bharat 27 26/12
B. Dyeing 948/12 52/8 48/12 51/4 50
C. India 248 48/12 46/8 47/12 47
„ Pref. 631/4
Century 255/10
Colaba 88
Elphinstone Ord. 57
Finlay 257 58 56 57
Gokak 245 45/8 44/8
I. U. Defd. 1/15 1/14/3 1/15
I. U. Ord. 12/6 12/7 12/5/6 12/9
Indore 105/10 6/4
Kohinoor 315/8 16 15/8 17 16/4
Morarji 159/6
New Great 158 59/8 58
New Union 22
Podar 130
Sasson Cotton 25
Simplex 259 59/8 58 59
Swadeshi 284 86 83/12 85 84
Tata Mills 49 51/12
Vishnu 207/8
B. Steam 240
Scindia 14/7 14/9 14/6 14/8 14/4/6 14/6 14/4

BANKS—

Baroda 126/4 27/12
Central 82/12 82/8 83 82/12
Central New 82
Imperial Old 1997/8
Imperial New 490 93/2 92/8
India 178/8
Union 7/2
U. Commercial 45/8

ELECTRICS—

Ahmedabad 111/14
„ New 109 9/4
Andhra 1455
Suburban 140/10
Amalgamated 11/10
Hydro 159/8 58/8
„ Pref. 133/12
Power 1612/8
„ Pref. 1371/4
B.I.G. 16/5
Empire 615
New India 66/8 66/4

STEELS—

B. Steel 21/15 21/11 21/12 21/11
I. Iron. 31/5/6 31/6 31/4 31/5
Tata Defd. 1740 37/8 46/4 40 43/12 40
„ Ord. 334 33/12 34/8 33/8 34 33
„ 2nd Pref. 138/12 39

MISCELLANEOUS—

Alcock 311/4
A.C.C. 171/12 73 71/12 72
Belapur 275 73
B.B. Old 508/12 5 17/8 13/12 15
„ New 167/8 71/4
„ Petrol 1/9
B.I.C. 9
Dharamsey 60/8
I. Bleaching 173 74
I. Copper 2/13 2/12/9
P. Const. 117 17/12 16/8 16/12 16
Shivrajpur 45/12 46 45 45/4
Tata Chem. 13/4 13/15 13/14
„ Oil 40/4 41 40/8 40/12 40/8
Walchandnagar 167/8
Wimco 236/4 38/12

SPECIAL—

National Rayon Pref. 79/12 80

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 26.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.

London Banks Buying T.T. 1/6 1/16 10th 12th Month.

London Banks Buying D.D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying D.D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th 9th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks buying 60 and 90d/st 1/6 3/16 7th-9th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th-9th Month.

New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 457-1/2.

Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 456-3/4.

Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 475 Montreal Rs. 444-1/4.

Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 472 1/2 Montreal Rs. 442.

Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 473 3/4 L/C Montreal Rs. 442-3/4.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7250.

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.

Switzerland Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 90 1/4.

Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 1033.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Glds. 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 83 1/4

Singapore Banks Selling T.T. D. D. Rs. 157.

Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 238 3/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol 2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8. London/Afghanistan Cross Rate/Afghani Rs. not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4-3/4 London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl 10.63-65 London-Bankok Cross Rate Tel 35. London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs 139.90-140.10 London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36 London/Hong Kong Cross Rate 1/2 27/32-1/2 15/16 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 89.40 91.00 London/Java Cross Rate Fl 10.63 London/Karachi Cross Rate 2/1.84-2/1.94 London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es 80.35 London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 5.60-65 London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 2.93-3/4 2.94 London/New York Cross Rate dol 2.79 7/8-2.80 1/8 London Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02 London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs 979-981. London/Prague Cross Rate K not quoted London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16 London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr 14/47-50 London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs 12.23 12.26.

London Discts 3 Mos. 11/16 p.c.
London Discts 6 Mos. 7/8 p.c
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money: Call 1/2 per cent. 3 Mos 1 per cent 6 Mos. 1-1/4 per cent 12 Mos 1 1/2 per cent
Tone: Easy.

Paris Bourse Quiet

PARIS, Oct. 25.

Although quieter, there were still occasional firm features. The firmness of Rhodesian coppers on the shifting of headquarters spread to Riotintos and Haut Katanga. Domestics retained a healthy complexion. Alsthoms were firmer on the news of a bonus issue to holders Indo-Chinese were depressed by war news from Indo-China while Argentines weakened on unfavourable press comments. Rentes had difficulty in holding previous improvement.

Brussels Stocks Steady

BRUSSELS, Oct. 25.

There was a good show of steadiness in forward dealings but the Spot market was very quiet. The forward section listed a great number of gains but they were all very small. Petrofina, wagons lits and tubize are still capturing much of the turnover. In Spot dealings, plantations moved a few points higher and colonials were firm but with only minor advances. Irregularity prevailed among coals, glass works and electricities.

Restricted Turnover On Amsterdam Exchange

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 25.

Activity was very restricted but the undertone was quiet, dividend ceiling legislation enabling dividends over nine per cent. Plantations were quietly firmer but investments were barely steady.

London Copra Dull

LONDON, Oct. 25.

The Copra market was dull and easier. Straits Dutch East Indies, fair merchantable, delivered weight was quoted at £95 1/2 asked and £95 bid. Philippines Bulk was nominally unchanged at 245 dollars both per ton C.I.F. for November shipment. Ceylon: There was no business.

The coconut oil market was quiet. Straits in drums at £148 1/2 seller and in Bulk at £144 quoted, Ceylon in drum at £148 3/4 sellers and in bulk at £144 seller, all per ton C.I.F. November/December shipment.

London Pepper Firm

LONDON, October 25.

The pepper market was firmer but still idle. Black Lampong October shipment at 10sh 10-1/2d. and white muntok at 17sh 67-1/2d. shipping weight with white sarawak at 18sh sellers per pound CIF basis ports Malabar afloat at 1350 to 1375sh. October at 1325 and October/November at 1300sh. per cwt. CIF United Kingdom.

AMERICAN MARKETS

SHORT COVERING IN N. Y. COTTON

Wall Street Market Quiet

NEW YORK, October 25.

Early modest gain largely reflected ing was possible based on expectations export allocations. Demand, however, on increased hedge selling and scattered selling in anticipation of further hedging.

Traders expect more rapid crop movement with the weather over the belt now clearer. The afternoon was featured by a sharp advance in far distants attributed to southern advices that cotton growers will not cooperate with the government goal of a 16 million bale crop next year unless export controls are eased further. Scarcity of contracts intensified the upturn in these deliveries. Meanwhile current crop months recovered the interim losses on renewal of mill demand and short covering but renewed hedges finally checked the upturn, the session closing steady. Sales were estimated at 250,000 bales.

CLOSINGS QUOTATIONS

NEW YORK COTTON	
December	39.48
March	39.55
May	39.40
July	39.01
Middling Spot	40.33
NEW ORLEANS COTTON	
December	39.40
March	39.48
May	39.36
July	38.91
Middling Spot	39.35

New York Cotton March highest 39.66 at 11-00 Lowest 39.38 at 12-04 hours.

WALL STREET MARKET

NEW YORK, October 25.

While the market initially gave promise of testing the 1950 high, lack of follow through support soon attracted increased realising and prices fell away from their best. On some selling attributed to the senate finance committee's chairman predicting an excess profits tax by Chirstmas or very early next year and retrospective to July 1st or October 1st. Early rather general gains ranging to one point were reduced to a mild predominance of 231.76 and rails 69.06.

Into the final hour the main body of stocks showed little change from the midday pattern although there were a good number of pleasing earnings and dividends reported. While selected steel made some headway in late dealings, increased pressure unsettled leading chemicals, motors, metals, buildings electric manufacturings and rails. The market closed barely steady, with the composite average rate slightly lower.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

American Telephone and Telegraph	152
Amerex Holding Co.	45
Anaconda copper	37
Chase National Bank	36-3/4
Firestone Tyre	72-1/2
General Electric	49-1/2
General Motors	51-5/8
Ingersoll Rand	74-1/4
International Nickel	33-1/2
National City Bank	43
New York Central Rail Road	16-3/4
Sinclair Oil.	30
Socony Vacuum	25-1/8
Texas Co.	75-1/2
Union Carbide	48
U.S. Smelting refining	57
U.S. Steel common	42
Western Union 'A'	40-3/8

Total number of shares which changed hands during the day is 1,930,000.

The highest and lowest of U S steel trading prices were 42 and 41 3/4 respectively.

Chicago Grains Market Steady

CHICAGO, Oct. 25: Grains were featured by the strength of soyabeans which advanced ten cents the daily permissible limit on increased commercial demand reflecting private advices indicating heavy demand for cash soyabeans. Other grains advanced sympathetically. Meanwhile with the exception of maize the government report on grain stocks as of October 1st were about in line with trade expectations. The maize carryover was less than had been anticipated.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, Oct. 25.

December	2.23-1/4
March	2.27-7/8
May	2.28
July	2.15-1/4

N.Y. Pepper Prices Move Up

NEW YORK, October 25.

Black pepper firmed further as sellers asked higher prices in anticipation of more active buying interest shortly. Firmer Indian advices also aided the upturn. Buyers however were inclined to resist the rising trend and sales volume was only moderate. Most interest was for distant supplies with December shipment selling at 142 cents per pound exdock. Spot was quoted at 163, afloats and November delivery at 160, December delivery at 158, December/January shipment at 138 per pound exdock.

Following were the quotations:

Spot 1.63 asked.

OLD AND NEW CONTRACTS: November 1.62 nom., December 1.55 nom., January 1.50 nom., February 1.40 nom., Sales nil. White spot 2.90 asked.

Consumers Cautious In N.Y. Silver Market

NEW YORK, Oct. 25

Consumers were more cautious and the price continued at 80 1/4 cents. Sales approximated 550,000 ounces. Extension of the price was apparently restricted by indications that some consumers had this week purchased ahead and also because about 150,000 ounces of Cuban silver were available today.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

The following is the Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 20th October:—

CAPITAL AND LIABILITIES

	Rs.
Capital	562,50,000
Reserve Fund	6,32,50,000
Deposits and	
Other Accounts	229,74,49,000
Borrrowing from Other Banks, Agents, etc	1,50,00,000
Bills Payable	4,12,89,000
Bills for Collection being Receivable as per contra	31,83,000
Acceptances, Endorsements and Other Obligation for Constituents as per contra	
Other Liabilities (including Inter-Office Adjustments)	3,66,43,000
Rupees	251,30,64,000

PROPERTY AND ASSETS

Cash: In hand and with Reserve Bank	28,47,39,000
Balances with other Banks	5,41,71,000
INVESTMENTS: Government and other Trustee Securities	112,32,29,000
Other Authorised Investments	12,44,20,000
Money at Call and and Short Notice	2,75,96,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	4,08,14,000
Loans, Advances, Cash Credits and Overdrafts	82,21,76,000
Bills for Collection being Bills Receivable as per contra	31,83,000
Constituents' Liabilities for Acceptances, Endorsements and Other Obligations as per contra	
Dead Stock less Depreciation	1,62,09 000
Other Assets (including Inter-Office Adjustments)	1,65,27,000
Rupees	251,30,64,000

Rs.

Madras Share Bazar

MADRAS, October 26.

Following are today's quotations in the Madras stock market:—

Government of India loans three per cent paper 96/- do 1986 96/- do 1970/75 99/-.

Government of Travancore loan three per cent 1952/54 102/1 Government of Madras loan three per cent 1960 98/11.

BANKS: Travancore 12/12.

PLANTINGS: Chembra 5/1 Devashola 16/14 Cochin Malabar 6/11 Midland 7/2 Nellimampathy 1/7/6 Ouchterlony 7/2 Pullangode 1/12 Thirundam 3/- T R and T Co 7/6/- Vaikundam 11/2.

TEXTILES: Bangalore woollen 242 Buckingham 140/- do pref 186 Cambola 12/8 Coimbatore cm 157 do Pioneer 125 do SPG Lakshmi 77 Madura 36 Mettur 358 Radhakrishna 218 Raja Lakshmi 86/- Ranga Cilas 50 Trav Royans 4/10 Trichinopoly 13/10 Vasanta 122.

MICELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 77/- Ract 6/3 India Cement 15/14 Indian Steel Rolling 7/3 Mettur Chem 5/6 Mysore Chem Fet 9/8.

Alexandria Cotton

ALEXANDRIA, October 25

KARNAK

November	123.25 + 175
January	126.25 + 205
March	127.25 + 300
May	128.25 + 320
July	129.25 + 340
ASHMOUNI	
December	125.15—260
February	126.75—245
April	127.45—255
June	128.15—535

London Stock Exchange

LONDON Oct 25

2-1/2 per cent Br Consols	£73-7-8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan 1961	£98-3/4
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	£108-1/4
3-1/2 per cent War Loan on or after Dec 1st 1952	£97-1/8 exdiv
Chartered Bank of India	£10-9/16
Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank London reg	£89-1/2
National Bank of India	£35-1/4

Transactions on the London stock exchange are officially placed at 8.124

London Exchanges

LONDON Oct. 25

T. T. London on:	
New York	2.7987/2.8012
Montreal	2.93-3/4 to 2.9?
Stockholm	14.47/14.50
Switzerland	12.23/12.26

Singapore Pepper Quiet

SINGAPORE, October 25.

Trading was quiet with Black Lampong quoted at 575 dollars per picul compared with 555 yesterday, while white muntok remained unchanged at 930. Five tons of black loose were traded at 570.

London Bullion

LONDON Oct 25

Silver spot and forward	70 pence
Gold bars fine per ounce	£12-8-0

Fixation Of Prices

ADVISORY BOARD SET UP

NEW DELHI, Oct. 26, (PTI): The Government of India have set up a Prices Advisory Board to advise them in regard to the fixation of prices under the Supply and Prices of Goods Ordinance, 1950 and on other matters connected with the administration of the Ordinance, it is announced today.

The Board will include Messrs. Charat Ram; T. A. Ramalingam Chettiar; E. P. W. Da Costa; A. J. Elkins; Ratilal M. Gandhi; A. D. Gorwala; Prabhu Dayal Himmatsingka; S. P. Jain; Tulsidas Kilachand; M. R. Masani; P. S. Narielwala; B. K. Rohatgi; N. D. Sahukar; J. F. Sinclair; and Manu Subedar.

The first meeting of the Prices Advisory Board will be held on October 31, 1950. It is understood that at this meeting, the Board will review the action taken in the implementation of the Ordinance by Government so far. It will also consider the principles of price fixation of goods scheduled in the Ordinance and fix ceiling prices for these goods.

Another important question that the Board will consider at this meeting is whether the provision contained in sub-section (1) of Section Ten of the Ordinance for marking the goods with their sale price or for the exhibition at some easily accessible place on the premises of price lists and stock statements of goods should be made applicable to non-scheduled goods and if so, to which goods. The Board will also frame rules under Section 26 of the Ordinance for the purpose of carrying out its objects.

Britain Exports More Refrigerators

BOMBAY, Thursday.

"Britain is forging ahead in mass manufacture of Refrigerators and Air-conditioning machines and is already on way to capture markets in hard currency areas of the world where the United States is a strong competitor", said Mr. Hugh Edginton, Export Manager of Pressed Steel Company Ltd of England, at a meeting of radio merchants, and refrigeration traders at Radio Club this evening.

Mr. Hugh Edginton, who is on a business visit to India, stated that at the end of war, Britain had to begin from the scratch in the matter of refrigerator manufacture. Throughout the war years, he said, these refrigerator plants were geared for the manufacture of war machinery and tools. No refrigerator was allowed to manufactured in Britain. But, Mr. Edginton was proud to say that within five years since the end of the War, Britain had not only shown that it was far ahead of the United States in the matter of the latest designs, but also in its export drive. As a matter of fact, they had exported 75 per cent of their total manufactured goods.

Mr. Edginton also assured Indians that his Company was trying to set up a plant in this country so that they could manufacture Refrigerators within the means of wage-earning class. This, he hoped, would be accomplished in the near future and it would be entirely manned by the Indian labour. He added that Refrigerators were no longer articles of luxury but of necessity, since they helped to preserve an enormous quantity of food.

COTTON FROM SOFT CURRENCY AREAS

Free Licences To Continue

NEW DELHI, Oct. 26.

The Government of India have decided to continue to license freely the import of cotton from soft currency countries excluding Egyptian middling, ashmouni and zagora cotton. The price of the imported cotton will be taken into account in fixing the price of cloth of the appropriate groups.

The Government of India have also decided to allow freely the import of all types of American cotton of staple length 1-1/8" and above and to take into account its price in fixing the price of the appropriate groups of cloth.

Licensing will continue to be done by the Deputy Chief Controller of Imports, Bombay, to whom applications may be made.

Ahmedabad Market

AHMEDABAD Oct. 25

Marwari circles are in a mood to sell defds. andowing to that the market was dull. The following were the closing quotations of the local share markets: Calico 291, Ambica 322 defd 1730, New Shrock 568. Arvind 770, Amin 361-4, Suryodaya Ganning 452-8 Asack 373 Jupiter 266 Mahalaxmi 882-8 Saraspur 283-8 Atul 86 Fluctuations: Calico opened at 292-8. Highest 293, Lowest 290, closed 291, Deffd. opened at 1740 highest 1747 lowest 1732, closed 1730 Newshorock opened at 570 highest 573, lowest 568, closed at 568. Arvind opened at 775, lowest 769, closed 770.

Shipping News

We give below the latest information of movements of Lloyd Triestino vessels during end of October and beginning of November

STEAMERS

"TOSCANA" Due Bombay 30/10 From Australia Sailing 31/10 For Naples/Genoa (Italy) via Aden

"PORTOROSE" Due Bombay abt. 2/11 From Italy Sailing abt 6/11 East Coast of India via Colombo

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1035

Rs. 1,900 Crore Plan For Irrigation

PLANNING COMMISSION'S BLUEPRINT

NEW DELHI, Oct. 26 (PTI).

THE Planning Commission had drawn a fifteen-year plan for the development of irrigation and power in India, envisaging an expenditure of Rs. 1,900 crores and suggesting ways and means to implement it.

The Commission submitted the plan today to the Central Board of Irrigation meeting here for the last three days.

The completion of the plan and the irrigation and power schemes already under execution will, it is estimated, provide irrigation facilities for an additional area of 42 million acres, and the additional food supply is likely to be of the order of 14 million tons. They are expected to provide, besides, hydro-electric generating capacity of about seven million killowatts.

There are at present 135 schemes costing in all Rs. 590 crores under construction in different parts of the country, twelve of them being called major projects costing more than Rs. ten crores, 24 medium sized projects and 99 smaller schemes costing less than Rs. two crores.

The Commission expects that these schemes will take six to ten years to be completed and will bring ultimately 12.9 million acres of fresh land under irrigation, with an additional yield of 4.3 million tons of foodgrains and produce about two million killowatts of power.

In addition to the schemes in progress, there are a number of other projects, about 122 in all, which are under various stages of investigation, They are expected to cost Rs. 1,300 crores.

The Planning Commission recommends the adoption of all these schemes.

The Commission had recommended that "a very high priority should be given to irrigation and connected power projects." and suggested that an expenditure of more than Rs. 100 crores should be set apart for the execution of such works.

The Commission has suggested that every State Government should prepare a 15-year plan for the completion of all projects for the utilization of water resources for irrigation and connected power projects.

The Commission suggests the creation of an Irrigation Development Ways and Means Fund by each State Government into which a definite sum of money could be paid every year either from the general revenues or from loans or savings and to which should be added loans and grants if any from the Central Government. The funds would be non-lapsable.

The Commission has recommended the following average annual contribution to this non-lapsable fund: Madras Rs. 24 crores, Bombay Rs. 14 crores, Bihar Rs. 13 crores, Madhya Pradesh Rs. 11 crores, Uttar Pradesh Rs. nine crores, West Bengal Rs. eight crores, Hyderabad Rs. eight crores, Rajasthan Rs. five crores, Travancore-Cochin Rs. five crores, Orissa Rs. four crores, Madhya Bharat Rs. three crores, Mysore Rs. two crores and PEPSU Rs. one crore.

The commission has suggested that both the smaller and the bigger projects should be executed side by side and the overall plan should be an integration of the two. Rationalisation of the levy of water rate has also been suggested. Land revenue should be increased on the basis of increased benefit derived annually by the landlord on account of provision of irrigation supplies.

BETTERMENT LEVY

A betterment levy is also suggested by the Commission which will represent Government's share in the increase in the cost of land as a result of the provision of irrigation facilities. This is to be levied only once when irrigation facilities are provided for the first time and the value of the land increases appreciably on this account.

According to the Commission, "It would be sound practice to fix the water rate on a sliding scale. Another source of income can be Agricultural Income Tax and the desirability of introducing this needs to be investigated urgently."

The big projects which have not begun but are included in the plan are Kosi Dam (Rs. 160 crores) in Bihar, Ramapad Sagar (Rs. 129 crores) and Krishna Pennar (Rs 120 crores) in Madras and Ganga Barrage (Rs. 100 crores) in West Bengal. Besides, seven major schemes are envisaged in Bombay, five in Madhya Pradesh, three in Uttar Pradesh and one each in the Punjab, Orissa, Hyderabad, Madhya Bharat, Rajasthan and Travancore.

Red China's "Aggression"

MASANI CONDEMNS ENTRY INTO TIBET

BOMBAY, Oct. 26 (UPI): Shri M. R. Masani, Member of Parliament and former Ambassador of India in Brazil, declared today that the invasion of Tibet by Communist China made it necessary for India to think afresh about her attitude towards Communist Regime in China.

In an interview to the United Press of India, Shri Masani said: "There has been a lot of wishful thinking in this country about the real nature of the Chinese Communist dictatorship and if the invasion of Tibet and the prospect of massing of Communist troops on India's northern frontier make us shed some of our illusions, it may prove to be something of our educative misfortune like aggression in Korea."

Asked whether it was an aggression against Tibet, the former India Ambassador said that while the Chinese suzerainty over Tibet had always been questionable, the action of marching troops into Tibet must be considered an aggression because it constituted a violation of past agreements between China, India and Britain that all parties would respect the autonomy of the people of Tibet who were a distinct nation from the Chinese.

"The invasion of Tibet," Shri Masani said, "also shows a complete and wanton disregard and lack of consideration for the sentiment of Indian Government which have regarded the autonomy of Tibet as a guarantee of security of India's own frontier.

"Baby Murder"

LUCKNOW, Oct. 26 (UPI): Dr. Rammanohar Lohia, Socialist leader denounced here today the invasion of Tibet by China and described it as a "baby murder."

DON'T GIVE WAY TO DESPAIR

Mr. Munshi's Advice

NEW DELHI, Oct. 26 (UPI): Shri K. M. Munshi, India's Food Minister, has expressed surprise at the "strongly worded" interview of Shri Anugraha Narain Sinha, Food Minister of Bihar, on the food situation in Bihar. He states that the present food situation in the country calls for mutual cooperation and mobilisation of resources rather than giving way to any gospel of despair.

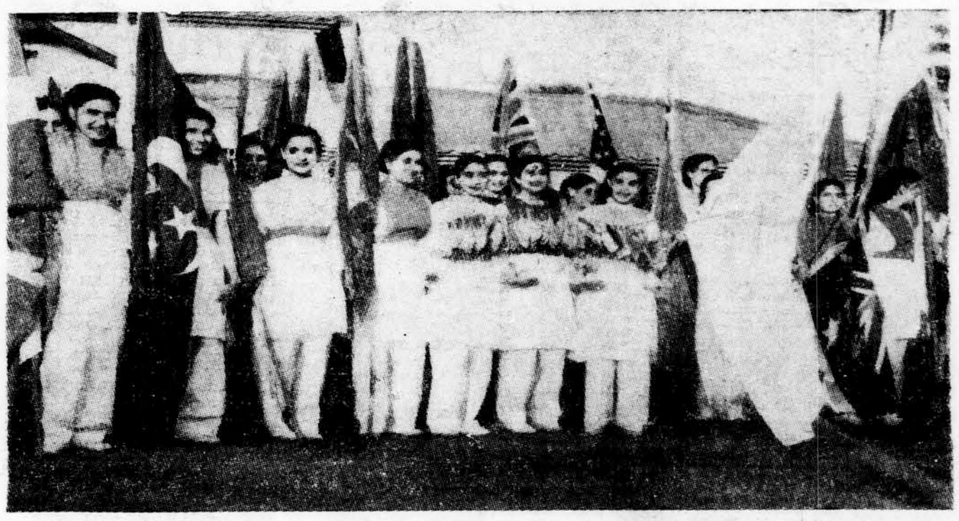
GWALIOR ENQUIRY

Fire Opened Only After Warning

GWALIOR, Oct 26 (UPI): Daulat Singh and Nathu Singh, constables of the Reserve Armed Police, gave evidence today before Mr. Justice P. V. Dixit, who is holding an inquiry into the police firing on August 9 last.

Daulat Singh stated that Sub-Inspector Gouri Shankar Pandey ordered him to fire five rounds in the air when a crowd of nearly 500 students started throwing stones at the police in the arch-gate. Prior to the firing the students were warned by G. S. Pandey that if they did not stop throwing stones at the police, the latter may be compelled to open firing in self-defence. When he fired five rounds in the air, the demonstrators were taken aback for a while, but after the firing was stopped, they again started throwing stones at the police and some of them were heard to remark that the firing was only in the air and so they need not lose courage

U. N. DAY PARADE AT DELHI



One of the items on the programme of the United Nations Day at Delhi was the International flag parade. Pandit Nehru, Mrs. Indira Gandhi, Rajkumari Amrit Kaur and other distinguished persons witnessed these girls carry the flags of different nations.

India's Adverse Trade Balance

RS. 5,311 LAKHS IN AUGUST

SIMLA, Oct. 26. (PTI).

India had an adverse balance of trade during August last with West Pakistan, Afghanistan and Iran according to official statistics.

Goods to the value of Rs. 39,12,000 were exported during the period from India to West Pakistan, Afghanistan and Iran through various land customs stations in Punjab while the value of goods imported into India mounted to Rs. 92,23,000.

The volume of trade during August amounted to Rs. 135 lakhs as against Rs. 160 lakhs during July last. The decrease was more pronounced in exports than in imports, leaving an adverse balance of Rs. 5,311 lakhs against India.

The total value of goods transacted between India and West Pakistan during the month under report amounted to Rs. 123 lakhs leaving a balance of 47 lakhs against India. The trade with Afghanistan aggregated to Rs. eight lakhs and the value of imports exceeded the exports by Rs. six lakhs.

'Iran does not feature regularly in our trade" but during August 1950 dry fruits worth Rs. 49,000 were imported from that country.

The chief articles of export were art silk manufactured tobacco manufactured turmeric timber chrome and tanned leather, fresh fruits, betel leaves and "katha". The most important exports were cotton seeds, fruits foodgrains, gur, oil cakes, milk, cream salt and soda ash.

Fire Guts 100 Houses

KARIMGANJ, (Assam), Oct. 26 (PTI): Property worth about twenty-five lakhs of rupees is estimated to have been lost as a result of a big fire which broke out in Karimganj Bazar last night.

Nearly one hundred houses, including a large number of cloth shops were completely gutted. The victims included many refugees from East Bengal who had recently settled them-

JANATA EXPRESS TO DELHI

BOMBAY, Thursday: A weekly Janata Express with III class accommodation only will run between Bombay and Delhi with effect from November 1, 1950. The new express train will run from Bombay on Wednesdays and from Delhi on Fridays only.

The train from Bombay will leave Victoria Terminus at 10 a.m. and will arrive at Delhi junction at 4-20 p.m. The next day, while the train from Delhi will leave Delhi Jn. at 1-50 p.m. and will reach Bombay V. T. at one p.m., the next day.

Tickets for distances of less than 250 miles will not be issued by these trains. Seats may be reserved six days in advance on purchase of journey tickets for passengers entraining at Victoria Terminus for the Delhi-bound train. Reservation fee per ticket is 4 annas. The train will be made of III class G.I.P. carriages fitted with electric fans.

Uncommon Salt

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, Oct. 26.

Mistaking silver nitrate for common salt, six persons including Harcharan Chhipa, alias "Swamiji", a Congress worker of Gadarwada, are reported to have used it at meal time, with the result that "Swamiji" and three children died, despite medical aid. The condition of the remaining two is serious.

CHANGING CONGRESS CONSTITUTION

AICC Invites Suggestions

NEW DELHI, Oct. 26, (PTI): The All India Congress Committee has invited suggestions from Provincial Congress Committees on the proposed changes in the new Congress constitution, it is learnt here.

To tide over certain difficulties experienced by the Congress Committees in the working of the new Congress constitution the A.I.C.C was authorised at Nasik to amend the constitution suitably.

For this purpose the Working Committee was asked to make proposals to the A. I. C. C. on the following points:—

1 Re-introduction of paid primary members; 2. Appointment of a Central Tribunal and Central Credentials Committee; 3. Vesting the Working Committee with adequate emergency powers to deal with abnormal situations and 4. machinery for selecting candidates to legislatures and parliamentary activities.

The Working Committee is expected to circulate its proposals by the end of November.

Fire Breaks Out Aboard A British Ship

DEVONPORT, October 26, (PTI-Reuter): Fire broke out last night in a turret of the 9,000-ton British cruiser "New Castle", which is refitting in Devonport dockyard.

It was apparently caused by some cotton waste which had ignited and was brought under control in 20 minutes.

Little damage was reported.

An inquiry was expected to be held into the cause of the fire.

Security regulations in reports used by the British navy have been tightened as a result of a series of "incidents" on board warships this year. The possibility of sabotage was investigated.

Anti-Czech Government Leader Executed

PRAGUE, Oct. 26. (PTI-Reuter): Rudolf Lenhard, leader of a gang of Czechs who according to newspaper reports had tried to kidnap Justice Minister A. Cepicka, has been executed in Moravia, it was announced today.

With him died Antonin Janosik and Frentisek Mana, all three having lost their appeals before the Supreme Court.

OUTLAWED BODY TO BE REVIVED

Moslem Brotherhood Of Egypt

CAIRO, Oct. 26 (PTI-Reuter): The leading Cairo Arabic newspaper, "Al Ahram", reported today that the outlawed Moslem Brotherhood would shortly be revived.

It was outlawed two years ago as a "fanatical" religious and political organisation with its own parliamentary formations.

Under a banner headline, 'Al Ahram' said the Wafdist Minister of the Interior, Fuad Serang El Din Pasha, would submit to Parliament, when it reassembles next month, a Bill to allow the brotherhood to resume its activities within the law.

The Moslem Brotherhood started fifteen years ago with the aim of spreading and applying Koranic principles in everyday life, was banned in December 1948 shortly before the assassination of the Saadist Premier, Mr. Nokrashy Pasha.

According to a Government statement issued at that time, it had "degenerated into a fanatical politico-religious organisation with its own parliamentary formations, its own arsenals and members who did not hesitate to use high explosives to express their convictions".

OCCUPATION OF NORTH KOREA

Rhee's Men To Go To Manchurian Border

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26 (PTI-Reuter): President Truman said today he understood South Korean forces would occupy North Korea up to the Manchurian border.

He made this statement at his weekly press conference in answer to a question.

He added it was his understanding that South Korean divisions would occupy the border of the North Korean side but the United States forces would not go as far as the border itself.

President Truman said he had no information that the Russians had ever produced more than one atomic explosion. He said that it was on September 23 last year.

Mr. Truman also denied what he was told was an assertion by the writer John Gunther that General Douglas MacArthur knew nothing about the plan to drop atomic bombs on Japan just before the end of World War Two.

Mr. Truman said there was no truth in that report. He added that he (President) gave the order to General MacArthur and General MacArthur in turn gave the order to the men who dropped the bombs.

CO-ORDINATION FOR DEFENCE

Canada & U. S. Draw Up Programme

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26 (PTI-Reuter): Canada and the United States agreed today on a six-point programme of co-operation in production for defence, the American State Department announced here.

Similar to their world war two agreement, it provides, among other things, for exchanging technical knowledge and for a co-ordinated system of control over distribution of scarce raw materials and supplies.

Secondary Teachers' Conference

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A conference of the Secondary teachers of Bombay and suburbs will be held on Saturday and Sunday at Chabildas Lallubhai High School Dadar, announces Mr. M. A. Upadhye, General Secretary of the Bombay North and Suburban Secondary Teachers' Association

The conference will be presided over by Prof. G. D. Parikh, to devise ways and means for achieving thei rmajor demands.

The conference will meet at 5 p.m. on Saturday.

News BRIEFS

HUMAN RIGHTS: The U.N. Secretary-General has written to all 60 member nations suggesting that December 10 should be observed throughout the world as "Human Rights Day." This is the second anniversary of the signing of the U.N. Universal Declaration of Humam rights.

WITHDRAWN: Mr. Shankarrao More, who had submitted his resignation of the General Secretaryship of the Peasants' and Workers' Party of India, has withdrawn his resignation, it was announced on Wednesday night after a meeting between him and other members of the Politburo of the Party.

HOUSES FOR WORKERS: The India Tea Association has built 8,911 houses for tea plantation workers, the Labour Ministry said in a Press Note issued in New Delhi.

SCHUMAN PLAN: A French Foreign Office spokesman said in Paris on Wednesday that the Schuman Plan treaty setting up a European coal and steel pool might be signed within two or three weeks.

BLOCKADE: Arab countries are considering steps to tighten economic blockade of Israel and the Arab League is soon expected to make concrete recommendations in this regard to all its member-states.

KASHMIR DEBATE: U.N. Officials expressed doubts on Wednesday night whether the Security Council would be able to discuss the question of Kashmir this week, according to a Lake Success message.

DANISH CABINET: The Danish Government resigned early on Thursday after being defeated by four votes in the Lower House. The Government fell on the future of butter rationing in Denmark.

WORLD TIN PACT: The world tin conference held under the auspices of the U.N. in Geneva on Wednesday has before it the blue-print for a world tin agreement drafted by a 15-nation study group in Paris last March.

HARVARD PROFESSOR: Dr. Ralph Bunche, former U.N. Palestine Mediator has been appointed Professor of Government at Harvard University. He is the first Negro to hold a professorship at the University.

POINT FOUR: Iraq will receive from 500,000 to 1,000,000 dollars aid under President Truman's Point Four plan.

U.S. STOCKPILE: U.S. motor tyre manufacturers denounced in Washington the Government's rubber stockpiling programme, in a 44-page analysis submitted to the National Production Authority.

LEAKAGE: The President of the U.P. Legislative Council disallowed on Wednesday two adjournment motions on the "leakage" of names of alleged black-marketers and profiteers from the confidential list prepared by the authorities in Kanpur and reported postponement of forthcoming municipal elections.

CAMBRIDGE AND NEHRU: A fly sheet signed by 90 members of the Senate was circulated in Cambridge University on Wednesday night to obtain further support for the nomination of Pandit Nehru as Chancellor of the University. A graduate of Cambridge University, Pandit Nehru's nomination paper has been signed among others by E.M. Forster, well-known novelist, six professors and the Director of the Fitzwilliam Museum, Cambridge.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

IT is an old, old saying that blood is thicker than water, and events in everyday life prove that it is as true now as it ever was. Class, breed, birth, similarity of profession, all these tend to breed cliques. A couple of days ago I was going north on some business and was waiting at Bori Bunder for my local to arrive. A Sindhi refugee with a huge bundle of cloth pieces on his head came briskly up the platform followed by an obviously irate ticket collector.

They stopped just near me and there followed the usual wordy duel between the upholder of the law and its alleged transgressor. It seems that the refugee had slipped past the checking barrier unnoticed with his burden unweighed. One of the collectors had tackled him and the answer was flight, as hurried a flight as was possible with a few maunds loaded on the head. Well, the moment the checker asked him to come back and have his bundle weighed, the latter was flung to the ground. A couple of the railway police came up to lend support, moral, and if necessary, physical, to the T.C.

Hardly had these arrived on the scene, than a couple of dozen 'jatwallahs' of the Sindhi poured from one of the waiting trains and promptly began upbraiding the checker—who, after all, was merely doing his duty—calling him all sorts of names for harassing a poor innocent refugee. One fellow more practical than the rest found that the present stalemate was bound to end in a victory for the Law, and to avoid any such contingency went outside the platform and brought back a Sindhi railway official with him. This latter, who had rather funny ideas where his duty lay, tried arguing with his colleagues to let the offender go.

When this cut no ice, he took aside one of the bystanders and told him, "All you fellows are here; if each of you takes a bundle and goes into the train, there will be an end of the matter."

The bunch on the platform suited their action to his words, swooped down on the bundle and were soon sitting blithely in the train, each with a cut piece "taka" leaving the poor T.C. with nothing in the bag but an individual who seemed more than capable of lying his way out of the situation and with no proof whatever. Railway officials should make up their mind where their loyalties lie. If the authorities are yelling to high heaven about systematic mulcting of railway revenues, they should come down with a heavy hand on those misguided employees of theirs who not only look the other way whenever the need arises, but go all out to obstruct officials who may be rather more honest in the discharge of their duties.

On the other hand, there are so-called "public servants" who go out of their way not only to enforce the law in its very jot and title but make a few amendments to suit their own whims. At one of the suburban stations one zealous T.C. left the barrier, caught a woman who had already passed through after submitting her ticket, made her wait while the rest of the crowd filed past, and coolly informed her that she had to pay an excess as her ticket was not in order. The reason: the return ticket which she had, had been issued the previous day and according to this worthy, was not valid after twelve noon the day following.

When several passengers remonstrated with him, he as much as told them to go to blazes and do their worst. He knew the rules, and in any case their interpretation was his business and his alone. On a few of the citizens present immediately going to the station master to find out if this really was so, the latter replied that the "return" portion of a ticket was valid at any time upto twelve midnight on the day following issue. He also promised disciplinary action against the offending T.C., but in the meantime, the woman who was the victim of this uncalled for high-handedness of one of the railway employees had been humiliated in front of a hundred people and roughly handled into the bargain. And all this without the least justification and merely because the wearing of a uniform and the right to put a badge on his lapel had turned the head of a pinchbeck "gorement servant."

The railway should instruct its employees that in no circumstance whatsoever should hands be laid on a passenger. If rules of the railway are infringed, there are legal remedies. It is bad enough that women checkers rush rough-shod over those who use the railway, taking advantage of their sex, without the matter getting worse by male Ticket Collectors grabbing women by the shoulder when they imagine them to be travelling "buckshee".

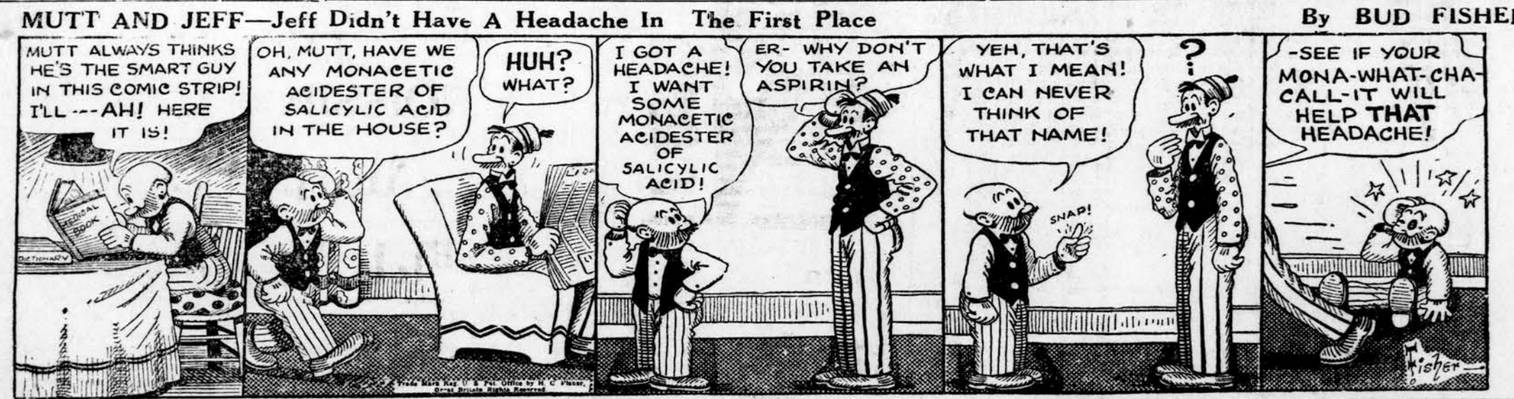
LIE'S TERM LIKELY TO BE EXTENDED

LAKE SUCCESS, October 26 (PTI-Reuter): In a closed meeting of the Security Council yesterday two candidates were put up against Mr Trygve Lie. They failed to get the required majority of votes. They were: General Carlos Romulo, Philippines, who was proposed by China and Dr Charles Malik, Lebanon, proposed by the Soviet Union. The name of Mr B. N. Rau was withdrawn when he said that he was not in the running.

It is now expected that Mr. Lie is likely to have his term extended for two or three years by the General Assembly.

Mr. Warren Austin, the American delegate said that the choice of Mr Lie for office was a matter that concerned the security of America, the Far East and the Middle East and the Western Hemisphere.

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Didn't Have A Headache In The First Place — By BUD FISHER


MUTT ALWAYS THINKS HE'S THE SMART GUY IN THIS COMIC STRIP! I'LL---AH! HERE IT IS!
OH, MUTT, HAVE WE ANY MONACETIC ACIDESTER OF SALICYLIC ACID IN THE HOUSE?
HUH? WHAT?
I GOT A HEADACHE! I WANT SOME MONACETIC ACIDESTER OF SALICYLIC ACID!
ER- WHY DON'T YOU TAKE AN ASPIRIN?
YEH, THAT'S WHAT I MEAN! I CAN NEVER THINK OF THAT NAME!
SNAP!
?
-SEE IF YOUR MONA-WHAT-CHA-CALL-IT WILL HELP THAT HEADACHE!
Fisher

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